# Dell<sup>TM</sup> PowerEdge<sup>TM</sup> SC1430 Systems

# Hardware Owner's Manual

### **Notes, Notices, and Cautions**

**NOTE:** A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your computer.

NOTICE: A NOTICE indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.

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Model EMS01

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# **About Your System**

This section describes the physical, firmware, and software interface features that provide and ensure the essential functioning of your system. The physical connectors on your system's front and back panels provide convenient connectivity and system expansion capability. The system firmware, applications, and operating systems monitor the system and component status and alert you when a problem arises. System conditions can be reported by any of the following:

- Front or back panel indicators
- System messages
- Warning messages
- Diagnostics messages
- Alert messages

This section describes each type of message, lists the possible causes, and provides steps to resolve any problems indicated by a message. The system indicators and features are illustrated in this section.

# Other Information You May Need



CAUTION: The *Product Information Guide* provides important safety and regulatory information. Warranty information may be included within this document or as a separate document.

- The Getting Started Guide provides an overview of system features, setting up your system, and technical specifications.
- CDs included with your system provide documentation and tools for configuring and managing your system.
- Systems management software documentation describes the features, requirements, installation, and basic operation of the software.
- Operating system documentation describes how to install (if necessary), configure, and use the operating system software.
- Documentation for any components you purchased separately provides information to configure and install these options.
- Updates are sometimes included with the system to describe changes to the system, software, and/or documentation.



**NOTE:** Always check for updates on support.dell.com and read the updates first because they often supersede information in other documents.

Release notes or readme files may be included to provide last-minute updates to the system or documentation or advanced technical reference material intended for experienced users or technicians.

### **Accessing System Features During Startup**

Table 1-1 describes keystrokes that may be entered during startup to access system features. If your operating system begins to load before you enter the keystroke, allow the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.

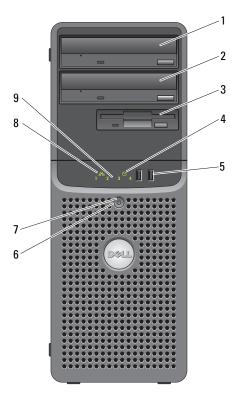
Table 1-1. Keystrokes for Accessing System Features

Keystroke	Description
<f2></f2>	Enters the System Setup program. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
<f10></f10>	Opens the utility partition, allowing you to run the system diagnostics. See "Running the System Diagnostics" on page 114.
<fl1></fl1>	Enters the boot menu selection screen, allowing you to choose a boot device.
<f12></f12>	Initiates PXE boot.
<ctrl+c></ctrl+c>	Option is displayed for some SAS controller expansion cards. Enters the SAS Configuration Utility, which includes RAID configuration options. See your SAS adapter <i>User's Guide</i> for more information.
<ctrl+r></ctrl+r>	Enters the RAID configuration utility, which allows you to configure an optional RAID expansion card. For more information, see the documentation for your RAID card.
<ctrl+s></ctrl+s>	Option is displayed only if you have PXE support enabled through the System Setup Program (see "Integrated Devices Screen" on page 32). This keystroke allows you to configure NIC settings for PXE boot. For more information, see the documentation for your integrated NIC.

### **Front-Panel Features and Indicators**

Figure 1-1 shows the controls, indicators, and connectors located on the system's front panel. Table 1-2 provides component descriptions.

Figure 1-1. Front-Panel Features and Indicators



**Table 1-2. Front-Panel Components** 

Item	Component	lcon	Description	
1	upper 5.25-inch drive bay		ve Holds an optical drive.	
2	lower 5.25-inch drive bay		Holds an optional optical or half-height tape drive, or a fourth hard drive (requires mounting bracket).	
3	flex bay		Holds a diskette drive or an optional third hard drive.	
4	hard-drive activity indicator	0	Indicates hard drive activity.	

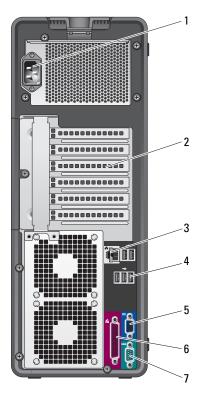
 Table 1-2.
 Front-Panel Components (continued)

Item	Component	lcon	Description
5	USB connectors (2)	<b>●</b> ✓• <sup>†</sup>	Connects USB 2.0-compliant devices to the system.
6	power button		The power button controls the DC power supply output to the system. <b>NOTE:</b> If you turn off the system using the power button and the system is running an ACPI-compliant operating system, the system performs a graceful shutdown before the power is turned off. If the system is not running an ACPI-compliant operating system, the power is turned off immediately after the power button is pressed.
7	power light	را <u>ي</u>	No light — The system is off.
		O	Steady green — The system is powered on.
			Steady amber — The power supply is probably good. Check the diagnostic indicators to see if the specific problem is identified. See "Diagnostics Indicator Codes" on page 15.
			Blinking amber — The system is powering up.
			<ul> <li>If the hard-drive indicator is off, the power supply may need to be replaced.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>If the hard-drive indicator is on, the system board is faulty. Check the diagnostic indicators to see if the specific problem is identified. See "Diagnostics Indicator Codes" on page 15.</li> </ul>
8	network link light	공모	Lights when the system is linked to a network.
9	diagnostic lights (4)		Display light-pattern codes to assist in troubleshooting system problems. See "Diagnostics Indicator Codes" on page 15.

### **Back-Panel Features and Indicators**

Figure 1-2 shows the connectors located on the system's back panel.

Figure 1-2. Back-Panel Features



- AC power connector
- USB connectors (5)
- serial connector
- expansion-card slots (5)
- video connector
- NIC connector
- parallel connector

### **Connecting External Devices**

When connecting external devices to your system, follow these guidelines:

Most devices must be connected to a specific connector and device drivers must be installed before the device operates properly. (Device drivers are normally included with your operating system software or with the device itself.) See the documentation that accompanied the device for specific installation and configuration instructions.

Always attach an external device while your system and the device are turned off. Next, turn on any
external devices before turning on the system (unless the documentation for the device specifies
otherwise).

See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27 for information about enabling, disabling, and configuring I/O ports and connectors.

#### **NIC Indicator Codes**

The NIC on the back panel has an indicator that provides information on network activity and link status. See Figure 1-3. Table 1-3 lists the NIC indicator codes.

Figure 1-3. NIC Indicators



1 link indicator

2 activity indicator

Table 1-3. NIC Indicator Codes

Indicator Type	Indicator Code	Description
Activity	Off	When off at the same time that the link indicator is off, the NIC is not connected to the network or the NIC is disabled in the System Setup program. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
	Blinking	Indicates that network data is being sent or received.
Link	Off	When off at the same time that the activity indicator is off, the NIC is not connected to the network or the NIC is disabled in the System Setup program. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
	Yellow	1000-Mbps connection
	Orange	100-Mbps connection
	Green	10-Mbps connection

# **Diagnostics Indicator Codes**

The four diagnostic indicator lights on the system front panel display error codes during system startup. Table 1-4 lists the causes and corrective actions associated with these codes and the power light status before system POST. Table 1-5 lists the causes and possible corrective actions for these codes during POST. A highlighted circle indicates the light is on; a non-highlighted circle indicates the light is off.

Table 1-4. Diagnostic Indicator Codes Before POST

Code	Power Light	Causes	Corrective Action
1234	off	No electrical power is supplied to the computer.	Connect the computer to a working electrical outlet.
			If the problem is still not resolved, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
1234	green	Normal operation	None
11223	off	Normal off condition; the	Press the power button to turn the computer on.
1234		system is connected to an electrical outlet.	If the system does not turn on and the power light is off, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
1234	amber	The BIOS is not executing.	Ensure that the processor is seated correctly and restart the system. See "Microprocessor" on page 73).
(blinking)			If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
1234	blinking amber	A possible power supply or power cable failure has occurred.	Check the power supply connections and the condition of cables. See "Installing the Power Supply" on page 82.
(blinking)			If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
1234 (blinking)	amber	A possible power supply failure has occurred.	Verify that both power supply cables are plugged in to the system board. See "Installing the Power Supply" on page 82.
(Dilliking)			If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
1234	amber	A possible system board failure has occurred.	See "Getting Help" on page 123.
(blinking)			

Table 1-4. Diagnostic Indicator Codes Before POST (continued)

Code	Power Light	Causes	Corrective Action
1234	off	A processor mismatch exists.	See "Troubleshooting the Microprocessors" on page 110.
(blinking)			

Table 1-5. Diagnostic Indicator Codes During POST

Code	Causes	Corrective Action
1234	BIOS checksum failure detected; system is in recovery	Ensure that all network cards and connections are functioning properly. See "Troubleshooting Your System" on page 95.
	mode.	If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
1234	Possible processor failure.	See "Troubleshooting the Microprocessors" on page 110.
1234	Memory failure.	See "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
1234	Possible expansion card failure.	See "Troubleshooting Expansion Cards" on page 109.
1234	Possible video failure.	See "Getting Help" on page 123.
1234	Diskette drive or hard drive failure.	Ensure that the diskette drive and hard drives are properly connected. See "Hard Drives" on page 48 and "Diskette Drive" on page 63 for information on the drives installed in your system.
1234	Possible USB failure.	See "Troubleshooting a USB Device" on page 99.
1234	No memory modules detected.	See "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
1234	System board failure.	See "Getting Help" on page 123.

Table 1-5. Diagnostic Indicator Codes During POST (continued)

Code	Causes	Corrective Action
1234	Memory configuration error.	See "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
1234	Possible system board resource and/or system board hardware failure.	See "Troubleshooting IRQ Assignment Conflicts" on page 96. If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
<b>42200</b>	Possible system resource	See "Troubleshooting Your System" on page 95.
	configuration error.	If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
1234	Other failure.	Ensure that the diskette drive, optical drive, and hard drives are properly connected. See "Troubleshooting Your System" on page 95 for the appropriate drive installed in your system.
		If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
1234	The system is in a normal operating condition after POST.	Information only.

### **System Messages**

System messages appear on the screen to notify you of a possible problem with the system. Table 1-6 lists the system messages that can occur and the probable cause and corrective action for each message.



NOTE: If you receive a system message that is not listed in Table 1-6, check the documentation for the application that is running when the message appears or the operating system's documentation for an explanation of the message and recommended action.



/!\ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. See your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer, and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

Table 1-6. System Messages

Message	Causes	Corrective Actions
Alert! Air temperature sensor not detected.	The front panel thermal diode cable is improperly installed or has failed.	Verify that cables are firmly seated in the connectors on the front I/O panel and the system board. See "Front I/O Panel (Service Only Parts Procedure)" on page 89.

Table 1-6. System Messages (continued)

Message	Causes	Corrective Actions
Alert! Cable not detected in INTRUDER connector.	The chassis intrusion switch is not connected to the system board.	Verify that the chassis intrusion switch cable is firmly seated in the INTRUDER connector on the system board. See "Installing the Chassis Intrusion Switch" on page 87.
Alert! FAN_CCAG was not detected.  Alert! FAN_FRONT was not detected.  Alert! FAN_HDD was not detected.  Alert! FAN_MEM was not detected.	Specified fan is missing, faulty, or improperly installed.  • FAN_CCAG — card fan  • FAN_FRONT — front fan  • FAN_HDD — hard-drive fan for optional fourth hard drive  • FAN_MEM — memory fan	See "Troubleshooting System Cooling Problems" on page 102.
Alert! FAN_PSU was not detected.	The power supply fan is faulty.	See "Getting Help" on page 123.
Alert! Cover was previously removed.	The system cover has been opened.	Information only. To reset, enter the System Setup program. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
Alert! Previous FAN_CCAG failure.  Alert! Previous FAN_FRONT failure.  Alert! Previous FAN_HDD failure.  Alert! Previous FAN_MEM failure.  Alert! Previous FAN_PSU failure.	Specified fan failed before last system startup.  • FAN_CCAG — card fan  • FAN_FRONT — front fan  • FAN_HDD — hard-drive fan for optional fourth hard drive  • FAN_MEM — memory fan  • FAN_PSU — power supply fan	Information only.
Alert! Previous thermal event.	BIOS detected a thermal event before the last system startup.	Ensure that thermal grease is applied to the heat sink and the heat sink is installed properly. Ensure that the system fans are functioning properly. See "Replacing the Processor" on page 75 and "Troubleshooting System Cooling Problems" on page 102.
Alert! Previous voltage failure.	Sensor detected voltage out of range before last system startup.	Information only.

Table 1-6. System Messages (continued)

Message	Causes	Corrective Actions
Alert! Processor thermal probe failure detected.	The processor thermal probe has failed.	See "Getting Help" on page 123.
BIOS Update Attempt Failed!	Remote BIOS update attempt failed.	Retry the BIOS update. If problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
CPUs with different cache sizes detected!	Microprocessors with different cache sizes are installed.	Ensure that all microprocessors have the same cache size and that they are properly installed. See "Microprocessor" on page 73.
Decreasing available memory	Faulty or improperly installed memory modules.	See "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
DIMM pairs must be matched in size, speed, and technology. The following DIMM pair is mismatched: DIMM x and DIMM y.	Mismatched or unmatched DIMMs installed; faulty or improperly seated memory module(s).	Ensure that all pairs of memory modules are of the same type and size and that they are properly installed. See "Memory" on page 76. If the problem persists, see "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
DIMMs must be populated in sequential order beginning with slot 1. The following DIMM is electrically isolated: DIMM x.	The specified DIMM is inaccessible to the system due to its location. DIMMs must be populated in sequential order, beginning with slot 1.	beginning with slot 1. See "Memory" on
DIMMs should be installed in pairs. Pairs must be matched in size, speed, and technology.	Mismatched or unmatched DIMMs installed; faulty or improperly seated memory module(s). The system will operate in a degraded mode with reduced ECC protection. Only memory installed in channel 0 will be accessible.	Ensure that all pairs of memory modules are of the same type and size and that they are properly installed. See "Memory" on page 76. If the problem persists, see "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
Dual-rank DIMM paired with Single-rank DIMM - The following DIMM/rank has been disabled by BIOS: DIMM x Rank y	Mismatched DIMMs installed; faulty memory module(s). The system has detected a dual-rank DIMM paired with a single-rank DIMM. The second rank of the dual-rank DIMM will be disabled.	Ensure that all pairs of memory modules are of the same type and size and that they are properly installed. See "Memory" on page 76. If the problem persists, see "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.

Table 1-6. System Messages (continued)

Message	Causes	Corrective Actions
Diskette drive <i>n</i> seek failure	Incorrect configuration settings in the System Setup program.	Run the System Setup program to correct the settings. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
	Faulty or improperly installed diskette drive.	Replace the diskette. If the problem persists, see "Troubleshooting a Diskette Drive" on page 105.
	Loose diskette drive interface cable, or loose power cable.	Reseat diskette drive interface cable, or power cable. See "Troubleshooting a Diskette Drive" on page 105.
Diskette read failure	Faulty or improperly inserted diskette.	Replace the diskette. If the problem persists, see "Troubleshooting a Diskette Drive" on page 105.
Diskette subsystem reset failed	Faulty or improperly installed diskette.	Replace the diskette. If the problem persists, see "Troubleshooting a Diskette Drive" on page 105.
Drive not ready	Diskette missing from or improperly inserted in diskette drive.	Replace the diskette. If the problem persists, see "Troubleshooting a Diskette Drive" on page 105.
Error: Incorrect memory configuration. DIMMs must be installed in pairs of matched memory size, speed, and technology.	Mismatched or unmatched DIMMs installed; faulty or improperly seated memory module(s).	Ensure that all pairs of memory modules are of the same type and size and that they are properly installed. See "Memory" on page 76. If the problem persists, see "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
Error: Memory failure detected. Memory size reduced. Replace the faulty DIMM as soon as possible.	Faulty or improperly seated memory module(s).	See "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
FBD training error: The following branch has been disabled: Branch x	The specified branch (channel pair) contains DIMMs that are incompatible with each other.	Ensure that only Dell-qualified memory is used. Dell recommends purchasing memory upgrade kits directly from www.dell.com or your Dell sales agent to ensure compatibility.
Gate A20 failure	Faulty keyboard controller; faulty system board.	See "Getting Help" on page 123.

Table 1-6. System Messages (continued)

Message	Causes	Corrective Actions
General failure	The operating system is unable to carry out the command.	This message is usually followed by specific information. Note the information and take the appropriate action to resolve the problem.
IDE primary drive $n$ not found	IDE cables are not properly seated, or drive missing.	See "Troubleshooting an Optical Drive" on page 106.
Invalid configuration information - please run SETUP program	System has detected invalid configuration.	Remove the RTCST jumper if it is installed. See Figure 6-1 for the jumper location.
Invalid NVRAM configuration, Resource Re-allocated	System detected and corrected a resource conflict.	No action is required.
Keyboard Controller failure	Faulty keyboard controller; faulty system board	See "Getting Help" on page 123.
Manufacturing mode detected	System is in manufacturing mode.	Reboot to take the system out of manufacturing mode.
MEMBIST failure - The following DIMM/rank has been disabled by BIOS: DIMM x Rank y	Faulty memory module(s).	See "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
Memory address line failure at <i>address</i> , read <i>value</i> expecting <i>value</i>	Faulty or improperly installed memory modules.	See "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
Memory double word logic failure at <i>address</i> , read <i>value</i> expecting <i>value</i>		
Memory odd/even logic failure at <i>address</i> , read <i>value</i> expecting <i>value</i>		
Memory write/read failure at <i>address</i> , read <i>value</i> expecting <i>value</i>		
Memory tests terminated by keystroke.	POST memory test terminated by pressing the spacebar.	Information only.

Table 1-6. System Messages (continued)

Message	Causes	Corrective Actions
No boot device available	Faulty or missing optical/diskette drive subsystem, hard drive, or hard-drive subsystem, or no boot disk in drive A.	Use a bootable diskette, CD, or hard drive. If the problem persists, see "Troubleshooting a Diskette Drive" on page 105, "Troubleshooting an Optical Drive" on page 106, and "Troubleshooting a Hard Drive" on page 107. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27 for information about setting the order of boot devices.
No boot sector on hard drive	Incorrect configuration settings in System Setup program, or no operating system on hard drive.	Check the hard-drive configuration settings in the System Setup program. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27. If necessary, install the operating system on your hard drive. See your operating system documentation.
No timer tick interrupt	Faulty system board.	See "Getting Help" on page 123.
Northbound merge error - The following DIMM has been disabled by BIOS: DIMM x	The specified DIMM was unable to establish a successful data link with the memory controller.	See "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
Not a boot diskette	No operating system on diskette.	Use a bootable diskette.
PCIe Degraded Link Width Error: Embedded Bus#nn/Dev#nn/Funcn Expected Link Width is n Actual Link Width is n	Faulty or improperly installed PCIe card in the specified slot.	Reseat the PCIe card in the specified slot number. See "Expansion Cards" on page 70. If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
PCIe Degraded Link Width Error: Slot n  Expected Link Width is n Actual Link Width is n	Faulty or improperly installed PCIe card in the specified slot.	Reseat the PCIe card in the specified slot number. See "Expansion Cards" on page 70. If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
PCIe Training Error: Embedded Bus#nn/Dev#nn/Funcn PCIe Training Error: Slot n	Faulty or improperly installed PCIe card in the specified slot.	Reseat the PCIe card in the specified slot number. See "Expansion Cards" on page 70. If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

Table 1-6. System Messages (continued)

Message	Causes	Corrective Actions
PCI BIOS failed to install	PCI device BIOS (Option ROM) checksum failure is detected during shadowing. Loose cables to expansion card(s); faulty or improperly installed expansion card.	Reseat the expansion cards. Ensure that all appropriate cables are securely connected to the expansion cards. If the problem persists, see "Troubleshooting Expansion Cards" on page 109.
Plug & Play Configuration Error	Error encountered in initializing PCI device; faulty system board.	Install the RTCRST jumper and reboot the system. See Figure 6-1 for jumper location. If the problem persists, see "Troubleshooting Expansion Cards" on page 109.
Read fault	The operating system cannot read from the diskette or hard drive, the	Replace the diskette. Ensure that the diskette and hard drive cables are
Requested sector not found	system could not find a particular sector on the disk, or the requested sector is defective.	properly connected. See "Troubleshooting a USB Device" on page 99, "Troubleshooting a Diskette Drive" on page 105, or "Troubleshooting a Hard Drive" on page 107 for the appropriate drive(s) installed in your system.
Remote configuration update attempt failed	System unable to process Remote Configuration request.	Retry Remote Configuration.
ROM bad checksum = address	Expansion card improperly installed or faulty.	Reseat the expansion cards. Ensure that all appropriate cables are securely connected to the expansion cards. If the problem persists, see "Troubleshooting Expansion Cards" on page 109.
SATA port <i>n</i> hard disk drive not found	SATA cables are not properly seated, or drive missing.	See "Troubleshooting a Hard Drive" on page 107.
Sector not found	Faulty diskette or hard drive.	See "Troubleshooting a Diskette Drive"
Seek error		on page 105 or "Troubleshooting a Hard Drive" on page 107 for the appropriate
Seek operation failed		drive(s) installed in your system.
Shutdown failure	Shutdown test failure.	See "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.

Table 1-6. System Messages (continued)

Message	Causes	Corrective Actions
The amount of system memory has changed	Memory has been added or removed or a memory module may be faulty.	If memory has been added or removed, this message is informative and can be ignored. If memory has not been added or removed, check the SEL to determine if single-bit or multi-bit errors were detected and replace the faulty memory module. See "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
The following DIMM pair is not compatible with the memory controller: DIMM x and DIMM y	The specified DIMM(s) are incompatible with the system.	Ensure that only Dell-qualified memory is used. Dell recommends purchasing memory upgrade kits directly from www.dell.com or your Dell sales agent to ensure compatibility.
The following DIMMs are not compatible: DIMM x and DIMM y	The specified DIMM(s) are incompatible with the system.	Ensure that only ECC FBD1 memory is used. Dell recommends purchasing memory upgrade kits directly from www.dell.com or your Dell sales agent to ensure compatibility.
Time-of-day clock stopped	Faulty battery or faulty chip.	See "Troubleshooting the System Battery" on page 102.
Time-of-day not set - please run SETUP program	Incorrect Time or Date settings; faulty system battery.	Check the Time and Date settings. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27. If the problem persists, replace the system battery. See "System Battery" on page 79.
Timer chip counter 2 failed	Faulty system board.	See "Getting Help" on page 123.
Unsupported CPU combination Unsupported CPU stepping detected	Microprocessor(s) is not supported by the system.	Install a supported microprocessor or microprocessor combination. See "Microprocessor" on page 73.
Utility partition not available	The <f10> key was pressed during POST, but no utility partition exists on the boot hard drive.</f10>	Create a utility partition on the boot hard drive. See the CDs that came with your system.
Warning! No microcode update loaded for processor n	Microcode update failed.	Update the BIOS firmware. See "Getting Help" on page 123.

Table 1-6. System Messages (continued)

Message	Causes	Corrective Actions
Warning: The current memory configuration is not optimal. Dell recommends a population of 2 or 4 DIMMs. DIMMs should be populated sequentially starting in slot 1.	System has detected a legal but non- optimal population of DIMMs. The system will run with all memory accessible but will experience sub- optimal performance.	Populate 2 or 4 DIMMs sequentially beginning with slot 1. See "Memory" on page 76.
Write fault	Faulty diskette, optical/diskette drive	See "Troubleshooting a Diskette Drive"
Write fault on selected drive	assembly, hard drive, or hard-drive subsystem.	on page 105, "Troubleshooting an Optical Drive" on page 106, or "Troubleshooting a Hard Drive" on page 107.

NOTE: For the full name of an abbreviation or acronym used in this table, see the "Glossary" on page 149.

# **Warning Messages**

A warning message alerts you to a possible problem and prompts you to respond before the system continues a task. For example, before you format a diskette, a message will warn you that you may lose all data on the diskette. Warning messages usually interrupt the task and require you to respond by typing y (yes) or n (no).



**NOTE:** Warning messages are generated by either the application or the operating system. For more information, see the documentation that accompanied the operating system or application.

# **Diagnostics Messages**

When you run system diagnostics, an error message may result. Diagnostic error messages are not covered in this section. Record the message on a copy of the Diagnostics Checklist in "Getting Help" on page 123, and then follow the instructions in that section for obtaining technical assistance.

# Alert Messages

Systems management software generates alert messages for your system. Alert messages include information, status, warning, and failure messages for drive, temperature, fan, and power conditions. For more information, see the systems management software documentation.

# **Using the System Setup Program**

After you set up your system, run the System Setup program to familiarize yourself with your system configuration and optional settings. Record the information for future reference.

You can use the System Setup program to:

- Change the system configuration stored in NVRAM after you add, change, or remove hardware
- Set or change user-selectable options—for example, the time or date
- Enable or disable integrated devices
- Correct discrepancies between the installed hardware and configuration settings

# **Entering the System Setup Program**

- **1** Turn on or restart your system.
- **2** Press <F2> immediately after you see the following message display briefly on the screen:

```
<F2> = System Setup
```

If your operating system begins to load before you press <F2>, allow the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.



NOTE: To ensure an orderly system shutdown, see the documentation that accompanied your operating system.

### **Responding to Error Messages**

You can enter the System Setup program by responding to certain error messages. If an error message appears while the system is booting, make a note of the message. Before entering the System Setup program, see "System Messages" on page 17 for an explanation of the message and suggestions for correcting errors.



**NOTE:** After installing a memory upgrade, it is normal for your system to send a message the first time you start your system.

### **Using the System Setup Program**

Table 2-1 lists the keys that you use to view or change information on the System Setup program screens and to exit the program.

Table 2-1. System Setup Program Navigation Keys

Keys	Action
Up arrow or <shift><tab></tab></shift>	Moves to the previous field.
Down arrow or <tab></tab>	Moves to the next field.
Spacebar, <+>, <->, left and right arrows	Cycles through the settings in a field. In many fields, you can also type the appropriate value.
<esc></esc>	Exits the System Setup program and restarts the system if any changes were made.
<fl></fl>	Displays the System Setup program's help file.



NOTE: For most of the options, any changes that you make are recorded but do not take effect until you restart the system.

# **System Setup Options**

#### **Main Screen**

When you enter the System Setup program, the main System Setup program screen appears. See Figure 2-1.

Figure 2-1. Main System Setup Program Screen

```
Dell Inc. (www.dell.com) - PowerEdge SC1430
             BIOS Version: XXX
Service Tag : XXXXXX
                    Asset Tag: XXXXXXX
IDE Primary Drive O......Off
IDE Primary Drive 1......Off
SATA Port O......Off
SATA Port 1 ......Off
SATA Port 2 ......Off
SATA Port 3 .....Off
Boot Sequence ..... <ENTER>
Hard-Disk Drive Sequence......<ENTER>
Hard-Disk Failover......Off
USB Flash Drive Emulation Type......<ENTER>
Integrated Devices ......<ENTER>
```

Up,Down Arrow to select | SPACE,+,- to change | ESC to exit | F1=HELP

Table 2-2 lists the options and descriptions for the information fields that appear on the main System Setup program screen.

**NOTE:** The options for the System Setup program change based on the system configuration.

PCI IRQ Assignment ... <ENTER>
System Security ... <ENTER>
System Event Log ... <ENTER>
Keyboard Numlock ... On
Report Keyboard Errors ... Report

NOTE: The System Setup program defaults are listed under their respective options, where applicable.

Table 2-2. System Setup Program Options

Option	Description
System Time	Resets the time on the system's internal clock.
System Date	Resets the date on the system's internal calendar.
Memory Information	Displays information related to installed system and video memory, including size, type, and speed of memory modules, system video memory size and system memory test option.

Table 2-2. System Setup Program Options (continued)

Option	Description		
CPU Information	Displays information related to microprocessors (speed, cache size, and so on). Enable or disable Hyper-Threading technology, if supported, by changing the setting of the <b>Logical Processor</b> option. See Table 2-3.		
SATA Port X	Displays type and capacity of SATA drive attached to Port X on the system box		
Boot Sequence	Determines the order in which the system searches for boot devices during system startup. Available options can include the diskette drive, CD drive, hard drives, and network. Only the first IDE device found will be available in the boot sequence.		
Hard-Disk Drive Sequence	e Specifies the order in which hard drives are configured in the system. The first hard drive in the system will be the bootable C: drive in DOS/DOS-like operating systems.		
Hard-Disk Failover (Off default)	When this field is set to <b>On</b> and the first hard drive is not available, the system attempts to boot from the other hard drives in the order specified in <b>Hard-Disk Drive Sequence</b> before searching for the next device in <b>Boot Sequence</b> . This feature may be used to boot to a mirrored drive in a software RAID 1 configuration		
USB Flash Drive Type (Auto default)	Determines the emulation type for a USB flash drive. <b>Hard disk</b> allows the USB flash drive to act as a hard drive. <b>Floppy</b> allows the USB flash drive to act as a removal diskette drive. <b>Auto</b> automatically chooses an emulation type.		
Integrated Devices	See "Integrated Devices Screen" on page 32.		
PCI IRQ Assignment	Displays a screen to change the IRQ assigned to each of the integrated devices on the PCI bus, and any installed expansion cards that require an IRQ.		
System Security	Displays a screen to configure the system password and setup password features, AC power recovery, and chassis intrusion detection. See Table 2-5. See "Using the System Password" on page 36 and "Using the Setup Password" on page 38 for more information.		
System Event Log	Select to view or clear the System Event Log (SEL). See "System Event Log" on page 34.		
Keyboard NumLock (On default)	Determines whether your system starts up with the NumLock mode activated o 101- or 102-key keyboards (does not apply to 84-key keyboards).		
Report Keyboard Errors (Report default)	Enables or disables reporting of keyboard errors during the POST. Select <b>Report</b> for host systems that have keyboards attached. Select <b>Do Not Report</b> to suppress all error messages relating to the keyboard or keyboard controller during POST. This setting does not affect the operation of the keyboard itself if a keyboard is attached to the system.		

### **CPU Information Screens**

Table 2-3 lists the options and descriptions for the information fields that appear on the CPU Information screen.

Table 2-3. CPU Information Screen

Option	Description	
64-bit Technology	Specifies if the installed processor(s) support Intel 64-bit extensions.	
Core Speed	Displays the clock speed of the processor(s).	
Bus Speed	Displays the bus speed of the processor(s).	
Logical Processor (Enabled default)	Displays when the processor(s) support HyperThreading. Enabled permits all logical processors to be used by the operating system. Only the first logical processor of each processor installed in the system is used by the operating system if Disabled is selected.	
Virtualization Technology (Disabled default)	Displays when the processor(s) support Virtualization Technology. Enabled permits virtualization software to use Virtualization Technology incorporated in the processor design. This feature can only be used by software that supports Virtualization Technology.	
Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch (Enabled default)	Enables or disables optimal use of sequential memory access.  Disable this option for applications that require high use of randon memory access.	
Hardware Prefetcher (Enabled default)	Enables or disables the hardware prefetcher.	
Demand-Based Power Management ( <b>Disabled</b> default)	Enables or disables demand-based power management. When enabled, the CPU Performance State tables will be reported to the operating system; when disabled, the CPU Performance State tables will not be reported to the operating system. If any of the CPUs do not support demand-based power management, the field will become read-only, and automatically set to <b>Disabled</b> .	
Processor X ID	Displays the family and model number of each processor. A submenu displays processor core speed, amount of level 2 cache, and number of cores.	

### **Integrated Devices Screen**

Table 2-4 lists the options and descriptions for the information fields that appear on the **Integrated Devices** screen.

Table 2-4. Integrated Devices Screen Options

Option	Description		
Embedded SATA (Off default)	Allows the integrated SATA controller to be set to <b>Off</b> or <b>ATA Mode</b> .		
Optional Hard-Disk Drive Fan	e Displays <b>Installed</b> if the optional fourth hard-drive carrier fan cable is connected to the system board connector and is functioning. Otherwise, displays <b>Not Installed</b> .		
IDE Controller (Auto default)	Enables the integrated IDE controller. When set to <b>Auto</b> , each channel of the integrated IDE controller is enabled if IDE devices are attached to the channe		
Diskette Controller (Auto default)	Enables or disables the system's diskette drive controller. When <b>Auto</b> is selected, the system turns off the controller when necessary to accommodate a controller card installed in an expansion slot. You can also configure the drive as <b>Read-Only</b> , or <b>Off</b> . When using the <b>Read-Only</b> setting, the drive cannot be used to write to a disk.		
User Accessible USB Ports (All Ports On default)	ts Enables or disables the system's user accessible USB ports. Options are <b>All Ports</b> On, Only Back Ports On, and All Ports Off.		
Embedded Gb NIC1 (Enabled with PXE default)	Enables or disables the system's integrated NIC. Options are <b>Enabled without PXE</b> , <b>Enabled with PXE</b> , and <b>Disabled</b> . PXE support allows the system to boot from the network. Changes take effect after the system reboots.		
MAC Address	Displays the MAC address for the integrated 10/100/1000 NIC. This field does no have user-selectable settings.		
Serial Port 1	Serial port options are COM1, COM3, Auto, and Off.		
(Auto default)	When the serial port is set to <b>Auto</b> , the integrated port automatically attempts to use <b>COM1</b> first, and then <b>COM3</b> . If both addresses are in use, the port is disabled.		
	If you set the serial port to <b>Auto</b> and add an expansion card with a port configured to the same designation, the system automatically remaps the integrated port to the next available port designation that shares the same IRQ setting.		
Parallel Port	Selects the address for the parallel port. Options are 378h, 278h, 3BCh, and Off.		
(378h default)	The system automatically disables the built-in parallel port if an expansion card containing a parallel port at the same address is detected.		
Parallel Port Mode (PS2 default)	Sets the parallel port mode of operation between AT mode and PS/2 mode. In AT mode, the integrated parallel port can output data only to an attached device. In PS/2 mode, the built-in parallel port can both input and output data.		

### **System Security Screen**

Table 2-5 lists the options and descriptions for the information fields that appear on the System Security screen.

Table 2-5. System Security Screen Options

Option	Description		
System Password	Displays the current status of your system's password security feature and allows you to assign and verify a new system password.		
	<b>NOTE:</b> See "Using the System Password" on page 36 for instructions on assigning a system password and using or changing an existing system password.		
Setup Password	Restricts access to the System Setup program in the same way that you restrict access to your system using the system password feature.		
	<b>NOTE:</b> See "Using the Setup Password" on page 38 for instructions on assigning a setup password and using or changing an existing setup password.		
Password Status	Setting the <b>Setup Password</b> option to <b>Enabled</b> prevents the system password from being changed or disabled at system start-up.		
	To <i>lock</i> the system password, assign a setup password in the <b>Setup Password</b> option and then change the <b>Password Status</b> option to <b>Locked</b> . In this state, you cannot change the system password using the <b>System Password</b> option and cannot be disabled at system start-up by pressing <ctrl><enter>.</enter></ctrl>		
	To unlock the system password, enter the setup password in the <b>Setup Password</b> field and then change the <b>Password Status</b> option to <b>Unlocked</b> . In this state, you can disable the system password at system start-up by pressing <ctrl> <enter> and then change the password using the <b>System Password</b> option.</enter></ctrl>		
AC Power Recovery (Last default)	Determines how the system reacts when power is restored to the system. If syster is set to <b>Last</b> , the system returns to the last power state. <b>On</b> turns on the system after power is restored. When set to <b>Off</b> , the system remains off after power is restored.		
Chassis Intrusion (Enabled default)	Enables the chassis intrusion detection feature. When this option is set to Enabled-Silent, chassis intrusions are detected, but no warning message is reported during startup. When this option is set to Enabled, the field automatically shows Detected when the chassis cover has been removed. Intrusions are not detected when this option is set to Disabled		

#### **Exit Screen**

After you press <Esc> to exit the System Setup program, the **Exit** screen displays the following options:

- Save Changes and Exit
- Discard Changes and Exit
- Return to Setup

# **System Event Log**

The system event log records events that have been detected on your system. If you experience problems with your system, you should check the system event log (see Table 2-2) for information to assist in troubleshooting. Events are recorded in two columns, giving an event type and event data to provide more specific component information. Table 2-6 presents the possible log entries, causes, and possible corrective actions.

Table 2-6. System Event Log Entries

Event Type	Event Data	Causes	Corrective Actions
Log Cleared		User cleared the log (or initial log entry from factory).	Information only.
PCI PERR	Slot # or Bus # and Device, Function # of the device	A parity error was detected on the PCI bus.	See "Troubleshooting Expansion Cards" on page 109.
PCI SERR	Slot # or Bus # and Device, Function # of the device	A system error was detected on the PCI bus.	See "Troubleshooting Expansion Cards" on page 109.
Intrusion		The cover was opened or the chassis intrusion cable was not detected.	Information only. To reset, enter the System Security screen. See "System Security Screen" on page 33.
PCIe Fatal Error	Slot # or Bus # and Device, Function # of the device	This error is generated when a fatal error is detected on the PCIE bus.	See "Troubleshooting Expansion Cards" on page 109.
Chipset Error	Bus, Device, and Function #	A chipset error was detected on the system board.	See "Getting Help" on page 123.
ECC Warning Threshold	DIMM #	Correctable ECC errors have increased from a normal rate.	See "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
ECC Critical Threshold	DIMM #	Correctable ECC errors have reached a critical rate.	See "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.
Memory Log Disabled		The ECC single bit error rate is exceeded.	Information only. Memory errors have been detected and logging is disabled.
Uncorrectable ECC Error	DIMM Pair	The chipset is unable to correct the memory errors.	See "Troubleshooting System Memory" on page 103.

Table 2-6. System Event Log Entries (continued)

Event Type	Event Data	Causes	Corrective Actions
Out Of Range	Thermal CPU_0	Thermal threshold exceeded on CPU0.	Ensure that thermal grease is applied to the heat sink and the heat sink is installed properly. Ensure that the system fans are functioning properly. See "Replacing the Processor" on page 75 and "Troubleshooting System Cooling Problems" on page 102.
	Thermal CPU_1	Thermal threshold exceeded on CPU1.	
	Thermal front (air)	Thermal threshold exceeded on air temperature sensor or front panel thermal diode was not detected.	Verify that cables are firmly seated in the connectors on the front I/O panel and the system board. See "Front I/O Panel (Service Only Parts Procedure)" on page 89.
	FAN_FRONT	Bad or missing fan detected.	See "Troubleshooting System Cooling Problems" on page 102.
	FAN_MEM		
	FAN_CCAG		
	FAN_HDD (Hard - Disk fan)	_	
	FAN_PSU	_	
	Voltage CPU_0	Voltage threshold exceeded. The power supply or the system board may be faulty.	See "Getting Help" on page 123.
	Voltage CPU_1		
	+VTT		
	+VCC		

NOTE: For the full name of an abbreviation or acronym used in this table, see the "Glossary" on page 149.

### **System and Setup Password Features**

- NOTICE: The password features provide a basic level of security for the data on your system. If your data requires more security, use additional forms of protection, such as data encryption programs.
- NOTICE: Anyone can access the data stored on your system if you leave the system running and unattended without having a system password assigned or if you leave your system unlocked so that someone can disable the password by changing a jumper setting.

Your system is shipped to you without the system password feature enabled. If system security is a concern, operate your system only with system password protection.

To change or delete an existing password, you must know the password. See "Deleting or Changing an Existing System Password" on page 37. If you forget your password, you cannot operate your system or change settings in the System Setup program until a trained service technician changes the password jumper setting to disable the passwords, and erases the existing passwords. See "Disabling a Forgotten Password" on page 39.

### Using the System Password

After a system password is assigned, only those who know the password have full use of the system. When the **System Password** option is set to **Enabled**, the system prompts you for the system password after the system starts.

#### **Assigning a System Password**

Before you assign a system password, enter the System Setup program and check the System Password option.

When a system password is assigned, the setting shown for the **System Password** option is **Enabled**. If the setting shown for the **Password Status** is **Unlocked**, you can change the system password. If the **Password Status** option is **Locked**, you cannot change the system password. When the system password feature is disabled by a jumper setting, the system password is **Disabled**, and you cannot change or enter a new system password.

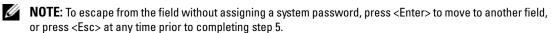
When a system password is not assigned and the password jumper on the system board is in the enabled (default) position, the setting shown for the **System Password** option is **Not Enabled** and the **Password Status** field is **Unlocked**. To assign a system password:

- 1 Verify that the Password Status option is set to Unlocked.
- **2** Highlight the **System Password** option and press <Enter>.
- **3** Type your new system password.

You can use up to 32 characters in your password.

As you press each character key (or the spacebar for a blank space), a placeholder appears in the field.

The password assignment is not case-sensitive. However, certain key combinations are not valid. If you enter one of these combinations, an error message appears. To erase a character when entering your password, press <Backspace> or the left-arrow key.



- 4 Press <Enter>.
- **5** To confirm your password, type it a second time and press <Enter>.

The setting shown for the **System Password** changes to **Enabled**. Exit the System Setup program and begin using your system.

**6** Either reboot your system now for your password protection to take effect or continue working.



**NOTE:** Password protection does not take effect until you reboot the system.

#### Using Your System Password to Secure Your System



NOTE: If you have assigned a setup password (see "Using the Setup Password" on page 38), the system accepts your setup password as an alternate system password.

When the **Password Status** option is set to **Unlocked**, you have the option to leave the password security enabled or to disable the password security.

To leave the password security enabled:

- 1 Turn on or reboot your system by pressing <Ctrl><Alt><Del>.
- **2** Type your password and press <Enter>.

To disable the password security:

- 1 Turn on or reboot your system by pressing <Ctrl><Alt><Del>.
- **2** Type your password and press <Ctrl><Enter>.

When the Password Status option is set to Locked, whenever you turn on your system or reboot your system by pressing <Ctrl><Alt><Del>, type your password and press <Enter> at the prompt.

After you type the correct system password and press <Enter>, your system operates as usual.

If an incorrect system password is entered, the system displays a message and prompts you to re-enter your password. You have three attempts to enter the correct password. After the third unsuccessful attempt, the system displays an error message showing the number of unsuccessful attempts and that the system has halted and will shut down. This message can alert you to an unauthorized person attempting to use your system.

Even after you shut down and restart the system, the error message continues to be displayed until the correct password is entered.



NOTE: You can use the Password Status option in conjunction with the System Password and Setup Password options to further protect your system from unauthorized changes.

#### Deleting or Changing an Existing System Password

- 1 When prompted, press <Ctrl><Enter> to disable the existing system password. If you are asked to enter your setup password, contact your network administrator.
- **2** Enter the System Setup program by pressing <F2> during POST.
- 3 Select the System Security screen field to verify that the Password Status option is set to Unlocked.

- When prompted, type the system password.
- **5** Confirm that **Not Enabled** is displayed for the **System Password** option. If Not Enabled is displayed for the System Password option, the system password has been deleted. If

**Enabled** is displayed for the **System Password** option, press the <Alt> < b> key combination to restart the system, and then repeat steps 2 through 5.

#### **Using the Setup Password**

#### Assigning a Setup Password

You can assign (or change) a setup password only when the **Setup Password** option is set to **Not Enabled**. To assign a setup password, highlight the **Setup Password** option and press the <+> or <-> key. The system prompts you to enter and verify the password. If a character is illegal for password use, an error message appears.



NOTE: The setup password can be the same as the system password. If the two passwords are different, the setup password can be used as an alternate system password. However, the system password cannot be used in place of the setup password.

You can use up to 32 characters in your password.

As you press each character key (or the spacebar for a blank space), a placeholder appears in the field.

The password assignment is not case-sensitive. However, certain key combinations are not valid. If you enter one of these combinations, an error message appears. To erase a character when entering your password, press <Backspace> or the left-arrow key.

After you verify the password, the Setup Password setting changes to Enabled. The next time you enter the System Setup program, the system prompts you for the setup password.

A change to the **Setup Password** option becomes effective immediately (restarting the system is not required).

#### **Operating With a Setup Password Enabled**

If Setup Password is set to Enabled, you must enter the correct setup password before you can modify most of the System Setup options. When you start the System Setup program, the program prompts you to enter a password.

If you do not enter the correct password in three attempts, the system lets you view, but not modify, the System Setup screens—with the following exception: If System Password is not set to Enabled and is not locked through the Password Status option, you can assign a system password (however, you cannot disable or change an existing system password).



NOTE: You can use the Password Status option in conjunction with the Setup Password option to protect the system password from unauthorized changes.

#### **Deleting or Changing an Existing Setup Password**

- Enter the System Setup program and select the System Security option.
- 2 Highlight the Setup Password option, press <Enter> to access the setup password window, and press <Enter> twice to clear the existing setup password.
  - The setting changes to Not Enabled.
- **3** If you want to assign a new setup password, perform the steps in "Assigning a Setup Password" on page 38.

# **Disabling a Forgotten Password**

See "Disabling a Forgotten Password" on page 122.

# **Installing System Components**

This section describes how to install the following system components:

- Front drive bezel
- Hard drives
- Diskette drive
- Optical and tape drives
- Expansion cards
- SAS controller card
- Microprocessor
- Memory
- System battery
- Power supply
- Cooling Fans
- Chassis intrusion switch
- Bezel
- Front I/O panel
- System board

# **Recommended Tools**

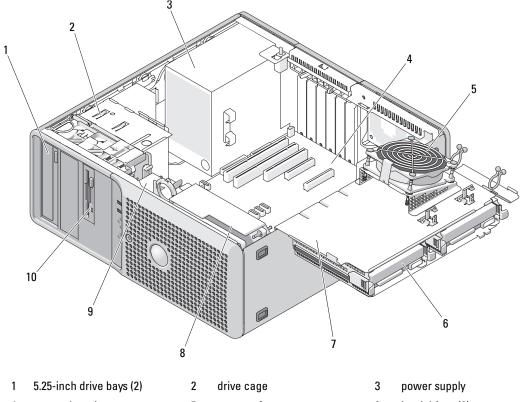
You may need the following items to perform the procedures in this section:

- #2 Phillips screwdriver
- Long #2 Phillips screwdriver (blade at least 6 inches long)
- Needle-nose pliers
- Wire cutter (optional)
- Small flat-blade driver
- Wrist grounding strap

# **Inside the System**

In Figure 3-1, the system cover is opened to provide an interior view of the system.

Figure 3-1. Inside the System



4 system board

5 memory fan

6 hard drives (2)

7 rotatable hard-drive carrier

8 front fan

expansion-card fan

10 flex bay

The system board can accommodate two processors, five expansion cards, and four memory modules. The rotatable hard-drive carrier provides space for up to two SAS or SATA hard drives. Drive bays in the front of the system provide space for an optical drive; an optional diskette drive or third hard drive; and an optional tape drive, second optical drive, or fourth hard drive. A controller expansion card is required for SAS hard drives or for more that two SATA hard drives. The optional third hard drive requires a mounting screw kit. The fourth hard drive requires a special drive carrier for installation. Power is supplied to the system board and internal peripherals through a single nonredundant power supply.

# **Opening the System**



CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Press the power button to ground the system board.
- If you have installed a padlock through the padlock ring on the back panel, remove the padlock.
- Lay the system on its side as shown in Figure 3-2.
- Open the system by sliding the cover release tab toward the rear of the system and lifting off the cover.

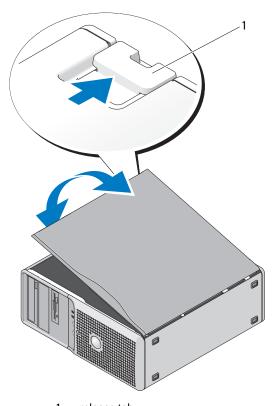
# Closing the System

- 1 Ensure that all internal cables are connected and folded out of the way.
- **2** Ensure that no tools or extra parts are left inside the system.
- Reinstall the system cover:
  - Insert the bottom edge of the cover into the bottom of the system chassis. See Figure 3-2.
  - Press down on the cover until the cover release tab snaps into place.
- If applicable, install the padlock.
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals. After you open and close the cover, the chassis intrusion detector, if enabled, causes the following message to appear on the screen at the next system start-up:
  - ALERT! Cover was previously removed.
- 6 To reset the chassis intrusion detector, press <F2> to enter the System Setup program. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.



**NOTE:** If a setup password has been assigned by someone else, contact your network administrator for information on resetting the chassis intrusion detector.

Figure 3-2. Opening and Closing the System



1 release tab

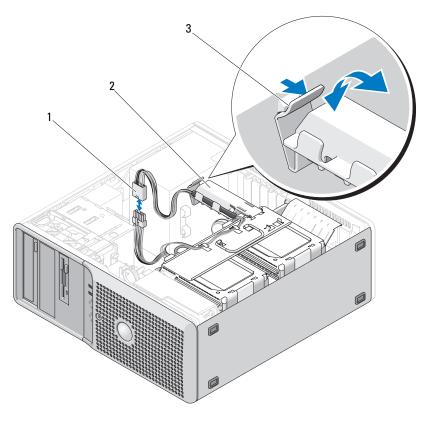
### **Rotatable Hard-Drive Carrier**

### **Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System**



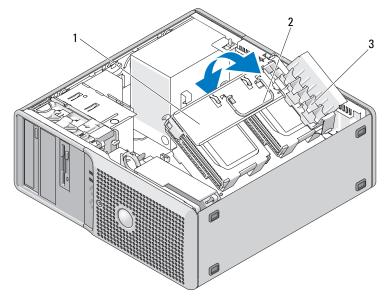
- Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- Press the release latch on the P3 power-cable connector beside the power supply and pull the two connectors apart. See Figure 3-3
- Press the card retention mechanism release-tab and rotate the card retention mechanism so that it rests against the rotatable hard-drive carrier.





- 1 P3 power connector
- 2 card retention mechanism
- 3 release tab
- **5** Press down against the card retention mechanism until it clicks into place, locked against the hard-drive carrier.
- **6** Grasp the handle on the hard-drive carrier and rotate the carrier out of the chassis. See Figure 3-4. Rotate the carrier approximately 180 degrees from its original position, as shown in Figure 3-1, but do not force it any further.

Figure 3-4. Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of and Into the System



1 rotatable hard-drive carrier

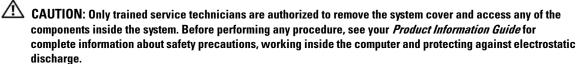
2 handle

3 card-retention mechanism

#### **Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System**

- 1 Grasp the handle on the hard-drive carrier and rotate the carrier back into the chassis until the metal tabs on each side of the carrier are seated, securing the carrier. See Figure 3-4.
- **2** Pull up on the card retention mechanism to release it from the hard-drive carrier.
- **3** Rotate the card retention mechanism back into its original position; push its tip so that its tab clicks into place. See Figure 3-4.
- **4** Reconnect the P3 power-cable connectors.

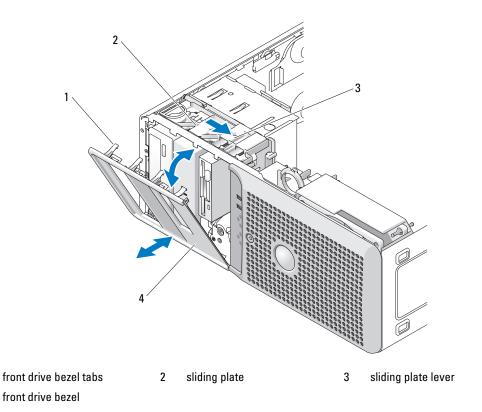
# Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel



- 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43."
  - **NOTE:** This sliding plate secures and releases the drive bezel and helps to secure the drives.
- **3** Pull the lever on the sliding plate to the right until it releases the front drive bezel from its side hinges.

- **4** Carefully tilt the front drive bezel away from the chassis and lift it out as shown in Figure 3-5.
- **5** To replace the front drive bezel, reverse the steps above and snap the bezel into place.

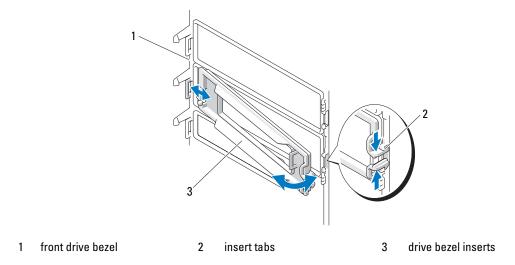
Figure 3-5. Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel



### **Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel Insert**

- 1 To remove the front drive bezel insert, press the two insert tabs on the front drive bezel inward and lift out the insert. See Figure 3-6.
- **2** To replace the front drive bezel insert, reverse the step above and snap the insert into place.

Figure 3-6. Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel Insert



**NOTE:** The system's drive configuration must consist of all SATA hard drives or all SAS hard drives.

### **Hard Drives**

\_\_\_\_

#### **Hard Drive Installation Guidelines**

Up to four hard drives are supported in internal drive bays. All drives must be either SAS or SATA; mixed configurations are not supported. Up to two SATA drives may be connected to the system's integrated SATA controller. If more than two SATA drives or any number of SAS drives are installed, they must all be connected to an optional SAS controller expansion card. Table 3-1 describes the possible drive configurations.

Table 3-1. Hard-Drive Configurations

Drive Number	Drive Type	Location	Controller
1	SATA	rotatable drive carrier (HDD0)	integrated SATA (SATA_0 connector)*
1	SAS	rotatable drive carrier (HDD0)	expansion card (primary SAS connector)
2	SATA	rotatable drive carrier (HDD1)	integrated SATA (SATA_1 connector)*
2	SAS	rotatable drive carrier (HDD1)	expansion card (primary SAS connector)
3	SAS or SATA	flex bay	expansion card (primary SAS connector)
4	SAS or SATA	optional drive carrier in lower 5.25-inch drive bay	expansion card (primary SAS connector)

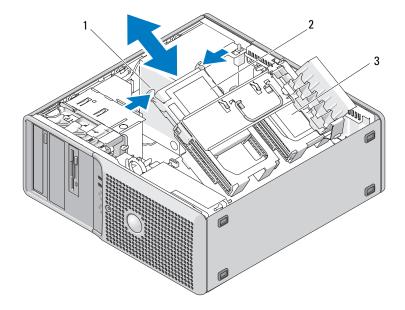
<sup>\*</sup>If more than two SATA drives are installed, all drives must be connected to a SAS controller expansion card.

#### Removing a Hard Drive from the Rotatable Carrier



- 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
  - NOTE: If only one SATA hard drive is to be installed, it should be connected to the SATA0 connector on the system board.
- **3** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- **4** Disconnect the hard drive power cable from the hard drive that you are removing.
- **5** Disconnect the data cable from the hard drive that you are removing.
- Press the drive release tabs on each side of the hard-drive bracket toward each other and slide the drive up and out of the hard-drive bay. See Figure 3-7.

Figure 3-7. Removing and Installing a Hard Drive in the Drive Carrier



- drive release tabs (2)
- hard drive in primary hard-2 drive bay
- secondary hard drive bay



NOTE: If you do not intend to replace the drive, it is highly recommended that you remove the drive from the quide bracket (see Figure 3-8) and insert the empty quide bracket back into the drive bay. This eliminates the likelihood that the empty bracket will be misplaced or improperly stored while not in use.

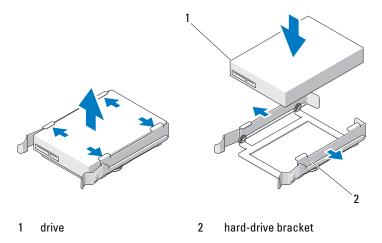
- 7 Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into place. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.

#### Installing a Hard Drive in the Rotatable Carrier



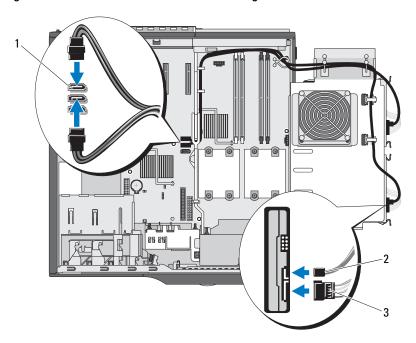
- 1 Unpack the replacement hard drive, and prepare it for installation.
- **2** Check the documentation for the hard drive to verify that the drive is configured for your system.
- Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- **6** If you are replacing a hard drive, remove the drive that you are replacing. See "Removing a Hard Drive from the Rotatable Carrier" on page 49.
  - If a there is a hard-drive bracket in the empty hard-drive bay, remove the bracket by pressing its tabs toward it each other and pulling it up and out of the drive bay.
- If a replacement hard drive does not have the hard-drive bracket attached, remove the bracket from the old drive.
  - Flex the hard-drive bracket open and align the side holes in the new hard drive with the pins on the bracket; release the tension upon the bracket so that the hard drive is securely fastened. See Figure 3-8.

Figure 3-8. Installing a Hard Drive in a Drive Bracket



- NOTICE: SAS drives and SATA drives cannot be mixed in the system. The drives must be either all SATA or all SAS hard drives.
- **8** Slide the hard drive into the hard-drive bay until it clicks securely into place.
- **9** Connect a data cable and a power cable to the hard drive.
  - **NOTE:** The only SATA connectors on the board that support hard drives are those labeled SATA0 and SATA1. If only one SATA hard drive is to be installed, it should be connected to the SATA0 connector.
  - If you are installing a SATA hard drive and have only one or two drives in your system, connect the integrated SATA controller data cable and the power cable as shown in Figure 3-9.
  - If you are installing a SATA hard drive and have three or four drives in your system, connect the data cable from the SAS controller card and the power cable as shown in Figure 3-10.
  - If you are installing a SAS hard drive, connect the data cable from the SAS controller card and the power cable as shown in Figure 3-10.





- integrated SATA connector
- 2 SATA data cable
- 3 hard-drive power cable

SAS cable 2 hard-drive activity indicator data cable

Figure 3-10. Cabling a Hard Drive in the Drive Carrier (SAS or More Than Two SATA Drives)

- cable

power cable

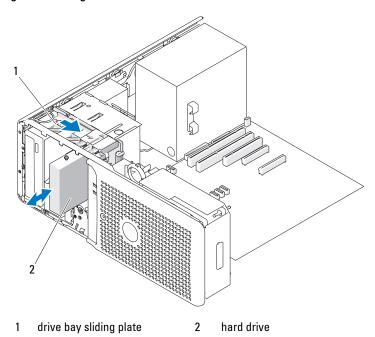
- 5 AUX\_LED connector
- Ensure that all connectors are properly cabled and firmly seated. Ensure that the SAS cable is connected to the blue primary connector if the SAS controller card has two connectors.
- Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into place. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- **12** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.

- 13 Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
  See the documentation that came with the drive for instructions on installing any software required for drive operation.
- **14** Enter the System Setup program (see "Entering the System Setup Program" on page 27), and ensure that the drive's controller is enabled.
- **15** Exit the System Setup program and reboot the system.
- **16** Partition and logically format the drive. See the documentation for your operating system for instructions.
- 17 (Optional) Test the hard drive by running the system diagnostics. See "Running the System Diagnostics" on page 113.
- **18** If the drive you just installed is the primary drive, install your operating system on the hard drive.

#### Removing an Optional Third Hard Drive

- CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your *Product Information Guide* for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.
  - 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Remove the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.
- **NOTICE:** If metal shields are present in your system configuration, they must be installed at all times while your system is in use or your system may not function properly.
  - **4** If metal shields are present in your system, slide the sliding-plate lever to the right and hold it in place as you pull to remove the vented metal insert from the flex bay.
  - **5** Disconnect the power cable and the data cable from the back of the hard drive.
  - **6** Slide the sliding-plate lever to the right to release the shoulder screw and slide the drive out of the flex bay. See Figure 3-11.
  - **7** Set the drive aside in a secure location.

Figure 3-11. Removing and Installing a Third Hard Drive



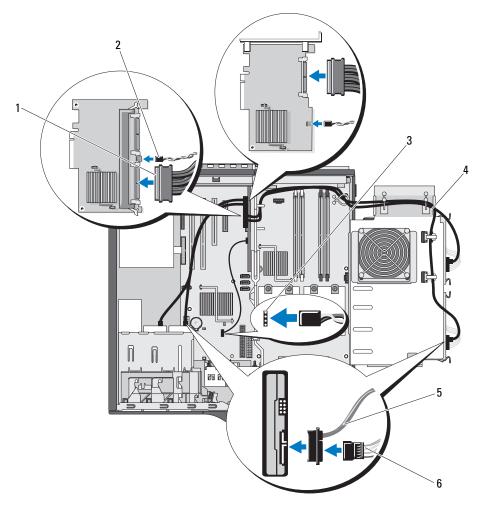
- NOTICE: If metal shields are present in your system configuration, they must be installed at all times while your system is in use or your system may not function properly.
  - **8** If you are not installing another drive in the drive bay, reinstall the vented metal insert over the flex bay and the empty space beneath it.
    - Insert the metal insert's two upper screws and its two lower screws into the corresponding slots inside the flex bay.
    - Push the vented metal insert until it clicks into place and its metal tabs rest flush against the chassis surface.
  - Reinstall the drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.
- Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.

### **Installing an Optional Third Hard Drive**

- **NOTE:** Four mounting screws are required to install an optional third hard drive. If you purchase an upgrade from Dell, these screws are included in the kit.
  - 1 If you are installing a new drive, unpack the drive and prepare it for installation.

    Check the documentation for the drive to verify that it is configured for your system.
    - **NOTE:** The screws installed in the following step must be installed in the front four screw holes in order for the drive to be installed.
  - **2** Install four screws in the front four holes on the sides of the drive.
  - **3** Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **4** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **5** Remove the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.
- **NOTICE:** If metal shields are present in your system configuration, they must be installed at all times while your system is in use or your system may not function properly.
  - **6** If the flex bay is not populated and metal shields are present in your system, slide the sliding-plate lever to the right and hold it in place as you pull to remove the vented metal insert from the flex bay.
  - **7** If you already have a diskette drive installed in the flex bay, remove it. See "Removing the Diskette Drive" on page 63.
  - **8** If you already have a hard drive installed in the flex bay, remove the hard drive. See "Removing an Optional Third Hard Drive" on page 54.
  - **9** Gently slide the drive into place in the flex bay; the drive clicks through two notches before it is securely installed.
- Ensure that the hard-drive indicator and data cables are correctly connected to the SAS controller expansion card. See Figure 3-12 and "Installing a SAS Controller Expansion Card" on page 72.
- 11 If you are upgrading from two SATA hard drives, connect the first two hard drives to the SAS controller card as described in the following steps:
  - a Remove the SATA data cables from the hard drives in the rotatable drive carrier and the SATA\_0 and SATA\_1 connectors on the system board. See "Removing a Hard Drive from the Rotatable Carrier" on page 49.
  - **b** Route the two long data cables from the SAS controller card, as shown in Figure 3-12, through the clips on chassis bottom, chassis sides, and the rotatable drive carrier, to the first two hard drives.
  - **c** Connect the data and power cables to the first two hard drives as shown in Figure 3-12.
- **12** Connect a data cable and a power cable to the back of the third hard drive. See Figure 3-12.

Figure 3-12. Cabling a Third or Fourth Hard Drive



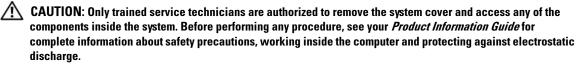
SAS cable

- hard-drive activity indicator 2 cable
- AUX\_LED connector

- long SAS data cables (2)
- SAS data cable
- power cable
- NOTICE: If metal shields are present in your system configuration, they must be installed at all times while your system is in use or your system may not function properly.
- 13 If metal shields are present in your system, install the vented metal insert over the flex bay and the empty space beneath it:
  - Insert the metal insert's two upper screws and its two lower screws into the corresponding slots inside the flex bay.

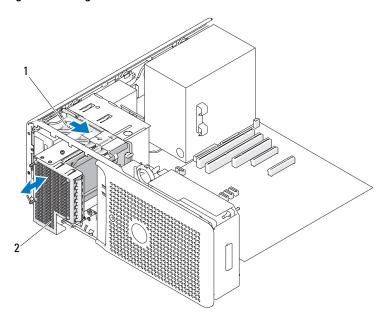
- **b** Push the vented metal insert until it clicks into place and its metal tabs rest flush against the chassis surface.
- 14 Reinstall the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.
- Ensure that all connectors are properly cabled and firmly seated.
  Ensure that the SAS cable is connected to the blue primary connector if the SAS controller card has two connectors.
- **16** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- 17 Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
  See the documentation that came with the drive for instructions on installing any software required for drive operation.
- **18** Enter the System Setup program (see "Entering the System Setup Program" on page 27), and ensure that the drive's controller is enabled.
- **19** Exit the System Setup program, and reboot the system.
- **20** Partition and logically format your drive before you proceed to the next step. See the documentation for your operating system for instructions.
- **21** (Optional) Test the hard drive. See "Running the System Diagnostics" on page 113 for instructions.

#### **Removing an Optional Fourth Hard Drive**



- 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Remove the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" in "Troubleshooting Your System."
- **4** Pull the drive bay sliding plate downward in the direction of the arrow on the plate. See Figure 3-13.
- **5** Hold the sliding plate in position and slowly pull the optional hard-drive carrier out of the bay until you can access the cable connections to the back of the drive.
- **6** Disconnect the power and interface cables from the drive. See Figure 3-12.
- **7** Disconnect the drive carrier fan cable from the FAN\_HDD connector on the system board. See Figure 6-2.
- **8** Pull the drive carrier out of the bay.

Figure 3-13. Removing and Installing a Fourth Hard Drive



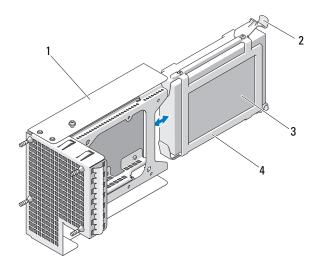
- 1 drive bay sliding plate
- 2 optional hard-drive carrier in lower 5.25-inch drive bay
- **NOTICE:** If metal shields are present, they must be installed at all times while your system is in use or your system may not function properly.
  - **9** If you are not installing another drive in the bay, install the 5.25-inch metal shield in its place; align its screws in the metal rails and push the shield back until it clicks into place.
- **10** If you are installing another drive in the bay, see "Installing an Optional Fourth Hard Drive" on page 59 or "Installing an Optical or Tape Drive" on page 68.
- 11 Replace the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.
- **12** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **13** Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.

### **Installing an Optional Fourth Hard Drive**

discharge.

- NOTICE: If the fan cable from the optional hard-drive carrier is not correctly connected to the FAN\_HDD connector on the system board and detected by the system BIOS, premature drive failure can occur. Follow the steps in this section carefully and verify fan detection through the System Setup program as described.
- **NOTE:** Installing a fourth hard drive requires an optional hard-drive carrier with a cooling fan.
- 1 If you are installing a new drive, unpack the drive and prepare it for installation. Check the documentation for the drive to verify that it is configured for your system.
- **2** Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **3** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **4** Remove the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.
- **5** If the flex bay is not populated and metal shields are present in your system, slide the sliding-plate lever to the right and hold it in place as you pull to remove the vented metal insert from the flex bay.
- **6** If an optical or tape drive is installed in the lower 5.25-inch drive bay, remove it. See "Removing an Optical or Tape Drive" on page 66.
- **7** If you are replacing a hard drive, remove the hard-drive carrier. See "Removing an Optional Fourth Hard Drive" on page 58.
- **8** Press the drive release tabs on each side of the hard-drive bracket toward each other and slide the drive out of the drive carrier. See Figure 3-14.
  - If there is a hard-drive bracket in the empty drive carrier, remove the bracket by pressing its tabs toward it each other and pulling it up and out of the drive carrier.
- **9** If a replacement hard drive does not have the hard-drive bracket attached, remove the bracket from the old drive.
  - Flex the hard-drive bracket open and align the side holes in the new hard drive with the pins on the bracket; release the tension upon the bracket so that the hard drive is securely fastened. See Figure 3-8.
- 10 Slide the hard drive into the hard-drive carrier until it clicks securely into place. See Figure 3-14.

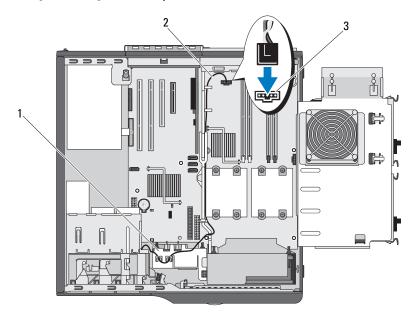
Figure 3-14. Installing a Fourth Hard Drive in the Optional Hard-Drive Carrier



- 1 optional hard-drive carrier
- 2 drive release tabs (2)
- 3 hard drive

- 4 hard-drive bracket
- 11 Carefully insert the drive carrier into the lower 5.25-inch drive bay, passing the fan cable through the opening on the bottom of the drive bay, and slide the drive carrier far enough into the system to access the connectors on the back of the drive.
- **12** Attach the power and data cables to the hard drive. See Figure 3-12.
- 13 Gently slide the drive into place until you hear a click or feel the drive securely installed.
- 14 Route the fan cable over the card fan and through the plastic clips on the bottom of the system chassis, as shown in Figure 3-15. Connect the fan cable securely to the FAN\_HDD connector on the system board. See Figure 3-15 and Figure 6-2.





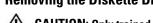
1 card fan

- 2 fan power cable
- 3 FAN\_HDD connector
- **15** Check all cable connections, and fold cables out of the way to allow for airflow between the fan and cooling vents.
- **16** Reinstall the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.
- 17 Ensure that all connectors are properly cabled and firmly seated.
- **18** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **19** Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals. See the documentation that came with the drive for instructions on installing any software required for drive operation.
- **20** Enter the System Setup program (see "Entering the System Setup Program" on page 27), and ensure that the drive's controller is enabled.
- **NOTICE:** If the fan cable from the optional hard-drive carrier is not correctly connected to the FAN\_HDD connector on the system board and detected by the system BIOS, premature drive failure can occur.
- 21 Verify that the Optional Hard-Disk Drive field in System Setup displays Installed. See "Integrated Devices Screen" on page 32.
- **22** Exit the System Setup program, and reboot the system.

- **23** Partition and logically format your drive before you proceed to the next step. See the documentation for your operating system for instructions.
- 24 (Optional) Test the hard drive. See "Running the System Diagnostics" on page 113 for instructions.

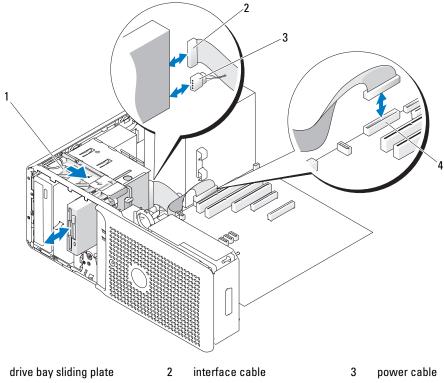
### **Diskette Drive**

#### Removing the Diskette Drive



- 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Remove the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" in "Troubleshooting Your System."
- **4** Disconnect the power and interface cables from the diskette drive. See Figure 3-16.
- Pull the drive bay sliding plate downward in the direction of the arrow on the plate. See Figure 3-16.
- Hold the sliding plate in position and slowly pull the drive out of the bay.

Figure 3-16. Removing or Installing a Diskette Drive



- DSKT connector
- 7 If the drive is being permanently removed, install a front drive bezel insert. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel Insert" on page 47.
- Replace the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.
- Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.

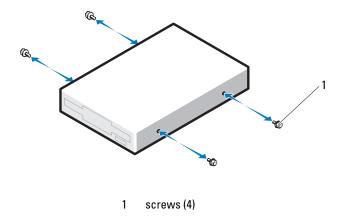
### **Installing a Diskette Drive**



- 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.

- Unpack the replacement diskette drive, and prepare it for installation.
- **4** Check the documentation for the drive to verify that it is configured for your system.
- Attach the four shoulder screws to the drive as shown in Figure 3-17.
  - **NOTE:** Spare shoulder screws are attached to the inside of the front drive bezel.
- Remove the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.

Figure 3-17. Installing Diskette Drive Shoulder Screws



- Remove the front drive bezel insert. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel Insert" on page 47.
- From the front of the chassis, slide the drive into the drive bay until the shoulder screws snap securely into the sliding plate.
- Connect the power cable to the drive. See Figure 3-16.
- Connect the interface cable from the drive to the DSKT connector on the system board. See Figure 3-16 and Figure 6-2.
- 11 Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- Replace the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
- **14** Enter the System Setup program and ensure that the drive's controller is enabled. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
- (Optional) Test the drive by running the system diagnostics. See "Running the System Diagnostics" on page 113.

# **Optical and Tape Drives**

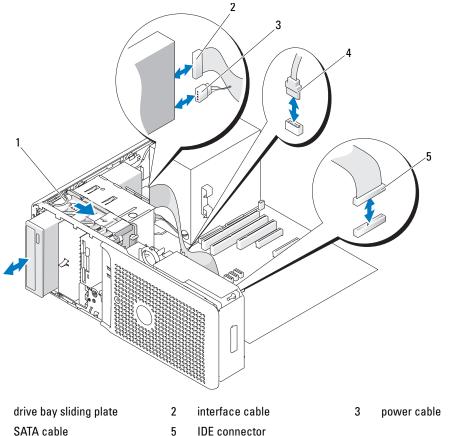
Only an optical drive can be installed in the upper 5.25-inch drive bay. Either an optical or a tape drive can be installed in the lower 5.25-inch drive bay, unless it is occupied by an optional third hard drive.

#### Removing an Optical or Tape Drive



- Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Remove the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.
- Disconnect the power and data cables from the back of the drive. See Figure 3-18.
- Slide the sliding-plate lever to the right to release the shoulder screw and slide the drive out to remove it from the drive bay.

Figure 3-18. Removing and Installing an Optical or Tape Drive



- NOTICE: If metal shields are present, they must be installed at all times while your system is in use or your system may not function properly.
  - **6** If you are not installing another drive in the bay, install the 5.25-inch metal shield in its place; align its screws in the metal rails and push the shield back until it clicks into place.
  - If you are installing another drive in the bay, see "Installing an Optical or Tape Drive" on page 68.
  - If the drive is being permanently removed, install a front drive bezel insert. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel Insert" on page 47.
  - Replace the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.
- Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43. 10
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.

#### Installing an Optical or Tape Drive

/!\ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

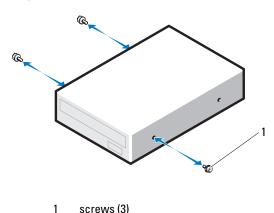
Unpack the drive and prepare the drive for installation.

For instructions, see the documentation that accompanied the drive.

If you are installing a SCSI tape drive, you must have a SCSI controller card installed (see "Installing an Expansion Card" on page 70) and configure the tape drive according to the documentation that came with the tape drive, based on the following guidelines:

- Each device attached to a SCSI host adapter must have a unique SCSI ID number. (Narrow SCSI devices use IDs 0 to 7; wide SCSI devices use IDs from 0 to 15.) Set the drive's SCSI ID to avoid conflicts with other devices on the SCSI bus. For the default SCSI ID setting, see the documentation provided with the drive.
- **NOTE:** There is no requirement that SCSI ID numbers be assigned sequentially or that devices be attached to the cable in order by ID number.
- SCSI logic requires that the two devices at opposite ends of a SCSI chain be terminated and that all devices in between be unterminated. Therefore, you enable the tape drive's termination if it is the last device in a chain of devices (or sole device) connected to the SCSI controller.
- Attach the three shoulder screws to the drive. See Figure 3-19.
  - **NOTE:** Spare shoulder screws are attached to the inside of the front drive bezel insert.

Figure 3-19. Installing Optical or Tape Drive Shoulder Screws



Turn off the system, including any attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.

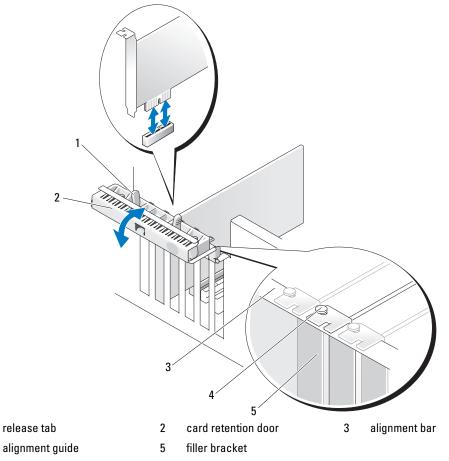
- **4** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **5** Remove the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.
- **6** If necessary, remove the drive bezel insert from the empty drive bay. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel Insert" on page 47.
- **7** If another device is installed in the drive bay, remove that device. See "Removing an Optical or Tape Drive" on page 66.
- **NOTICE:** If metal shields are present, they must be installed at all times while your system is in use or your system may not function properly.
  - **8** If the drive bay is unpopulated and metal shields are present, slide the sliding plate lever to the right and hold it in place as you pull to remove the 5.25-inch metal shield.
  - **9** Gently slide the drive into place until you hear a click or feel the drive securely installed.
- **10** Attach the power and data cables to the optical or tape drive. See Figure 3-18.
  - If you are installing an IDE drive, another drive may be attached to the same data cable by another connector. The other end of the data cable should connect to the IDE connector on the system board. See Figure 6-2.
  - If you are installing a SATA tape drive (when available), connect the other end of the data cable to the SATA\_2 or SATA\_3 connector on the system board. See Figure 3-18 and Figure 6-2.
  - If you are installing a SCSI tape drive, connect the SCSI interface cable in the drive kit from the SCSI controller card to the drive.
- 11 Check all cable connections, and fold cables out of the way to allow for airflow between the fan and cooling vents.
- **12** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **13** Replace the front drive bezel. See "Removing and Replacing the Front Drive Bezel" on page 46.
- **14** Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
- 15 If you installed an IDE drive, enter the System Setup program and ensure that the drive's IDE controller is enabled. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
- **16** (Optional) Test the drive by running the system diagnostics. See "Running the System Diagnostics" on page 113.

# **Expansion Cards**

#### **Installing an Expansion Card**

- CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.
  - 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
  - **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
  - **3** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
  - 4 Press the two release tabs on the card retention door towards each other and pivot the door open. See Figure 3-20.

Figure 3-20. Removing and Installing an Expansion Card



- If you are installing a new card, remove the filler bracket.
- **NOTE:** Keep this bracket in case you need to remove the expansion card. Filler brackets must be installed over empty expansion-card slots to maintain Federal Communications Commission (FCC) certification of the system. The brackets also keep dust and dirt out of the system and aid in proper cooling and airflow inside the system.
- **6** Prepare the card for installation.

  See the documentation that came with the card for information on configuring the card, making internal connections, or otherwise customizing it for your system.
- **7** Place the card-edge connector in the expansion-card connector and press down firmly. Ensure that the card is fully seated in the slot and all cards and filler brackets are flush with the alignment bar.
- **8** Close the card retention door to secure the card(s) in the system.

- **NOTICE:** Do not route card cables over or behind the cards. Cables routed over the cards can prevent the system cover from closing properly or cause damage to the equipment.
  - 9 Connect any cables that should be attached to the card.
    See the documentation for the card for information about the card's cable connections.
- **10** Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- 11 Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **12** Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
- **13** Install any device drivers required for the card as described in the documentation for the card.

#### Removing an Expansion Card

- CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your *Product Information Guide* for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.
  - 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- **4** Press the two release tabs on the card retention door inward to open it. See Figure 3-20.
- **5** If necessary, disconnect any cables from the card.
- **6** Grasp the card by its top corners and ease it out of its connector.
- 7 If you are removing the card permanently, install a filler bracket in the empty card-slot opening.
  - **NOTE:** Filler brackets must be installed over empty expansion card slots to maintain FCC certification of the system. The brackets also keep dust and dirt out of the system and aid in proper cooling and airflow inside the system.
- **8** Close the card retention door to secure the remaining card(s) in the system. See Figure 3-20.
- **9** Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- **10** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- 11 Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.

# **Installing a SAS Controller Expansion Card**

Read the installation instructions in the documentation for your SAS controller expansion card. Install the card in expansion card slot 1 (see Figure 6-2 for slot location and "Installing an Expansion Card" on page 70), and connect the hard-drive activity indicator cable from the card to the AUX\_LED connector

on the system board (see Figure 6-2 for the connector location). If your expansion card has two interface connectors, connect the data cable to the primary controller interface connector. See "Hard Drives" on page 48 for information about connecting hard drives.

# Microprocessor

You can upgrade the system processor(s) to take advantage of future options in speed and functionality, or add a second processor. Each processor and its associated internal cache memory are contained in a land grid array (LGA) package that is installed in a ZIF socket on the system board.

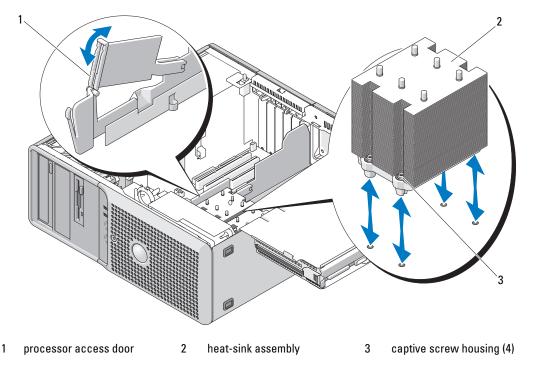
### Removing the Processor



CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. See your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer, and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

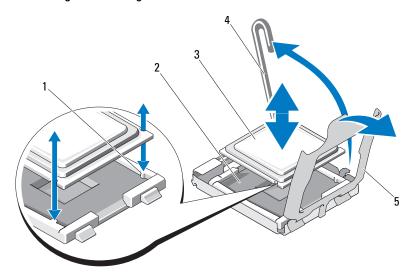
- Prior to upgrading your system, download the latest system BIOS version on support.dell.com.
- 2 Turn off the system, including any attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **3** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- NOTICE: When you remove the heat sink, the possibility exists that the processor might adhere to the heat sink and be removed from the socket. It is recommended that you remove the heat sink while the processor is still warm.
- **NOTICE:** Never remove the heat sink from a processor unless you intend to remove the processor. The heat sink is necessary to maintain proper thermal conditions.
- 4 Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- **5** Rotate the processor access door to its open position. See Figure 3-21.
  - **NOTE:** To loosen the four captive screws on the sides of the heat-sink assembly, you need a Phillips screwdriver with at least a 6-inch blade.
- **6** Loosen but do not remove the four screws on the sides of the heat-sink assembly. Leave the screws in place to retain the springs under the screws.
- **7** Wait 30 seconds for the heat sink to loosen from the processor.
- Lift to remove the heat-sink assembly from the system.
- If the heat sink has not separated from the processor, carefully rotate the heat sink in a clockwise, then counterclockwise, direction until it releases from the processor. Do not pry the heat sink off of the processor.
- **10** Lift the heat sink off of the processor and set the heat sink aside.





- Pull the socket-release lever 90 degrees upward until the processor shield is released from the socket. See Figure 3-22.
- Rotate the processor shield upward and out of the way.

Figure 3-22. Installing and Removing a Processor



socket key (2)

ZIF socket 2

processor

- socket-release lever
- 5 processor shield
- 13 Lift the processor out of the socket and leave the release lever up so that the socket is ready for the new processor.
- NOTICE: Be careful not to bend any of the pins on the ZIF socket when removing the processor. Bending the pins can permanently damage the system board.

## Replacing the Processor

- Unpack the new processor.
- Align the processor with the socket keys on the ZIF socket. See Figure 3-22.
- **3** Install the processor in the socket.
- NOTICE: Positioning the processor incorrectly can permanently damage the system board or the processor when you turn it on. When placing the processor in the socket, be careful not to bend the pins in the socket.
  - If the release lever on the processor socket is not positioned all the way up, move it to that position.
  - With the processor and the socket keys aligned, set the processor lightly in the socket, making sure all pins are matched with the correct holes in the socket.
- NOTICE: Do not use force to seat the processor. When the processor is positioned correctly, it engages easily into the socket.

- **c** When the processor is fully seated in the socket, rotate the socket release lever back down until it snaps into place, securing the processor. See Figure 3-22.
- **d** Close the processor shield. See Figure 3-22.
- **4** Install the heat sink.
  - **a** Using a clean lint-free cloth, remove the existing thermal grease from the heat sink.
  - **NOTE:** If you did not receive a replacement heat sink, use the heat sink that you removed in "Removing the Processor" on page 73.
  - **b** Remove the protective sheet from the thermal grease layer on top of the processor. If you receive the processor without the thermal grease pre-applied, open the grease packet included with your processor kit and apply thermal grease evenly to the top of the processor.
  - **c** Place the heat-sink assembly back onto the heat-sink assembly bracket. See Figure 3-21.
  - **d** Rotate the heat-sink assembly down towards the system base and tighten the four capture screws.
- **5** Close the processor access door.
- **6** Ensure that all connectors are properly cabled and firmly seated.
- **7** Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into place. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46).
- **8** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **9** Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet and turn on the system and attached peripherals. As the system boots, it detects the presence of the new processor and automatically changes the system configuration information in the System Setup program.
- 10 Press <F2> to enter the System Setup program, and check that the processor information matches the new system configuration. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27 for instructions about using the System Setup program.
- 11 Run the system diagnostics to verify that the new processor operates correctly. See "Running the System Diagnostics" on page 113 for information about running the diagnostics and troubleshooting processor problems.

# **Memory**

You can upgrade your system memory to a maximum of 8 GB by installing 533MHz or, when available, 667MHz fully buffered DIMMs (FBDs) in dual sets of 256-MB, 512-MB, 1-GB, or 2-GB. The memory sockets are located on the system board beneath the rotatable hard-drive carrier. See Figure 6-2.

NOTICE: If you remove your original memory modules from the system during a memory upgrade, keep them separate from any new memory modules that you may have. Use only 533 MHz or, when available, 667 MHz FBDs.

### **General Memory Module Installation Guidelines**

To ensure optimal performance of your system, observe the following guidelines when configuring your system memory.

- Use only qualified FBDs. FBDs can be either single-ranked or dual-ranked. FBDs marked with a 1R are single-ranked and modules marked with a 2R are dual-ranked.
- A minimum of two identical FBDs must be installed.
- DIMM sockets must be populated by lowest number first.
- FBDs must be installed in pairs of matched memory size, speed, and technology. For best system performance, all FBDs should be identical memory size, speed, and technology.

### **Non-Optimal Memory Configurations**

System performance can be affected if your memory configuration does not conform to the preceding installation guidelines. Your system may issue an error message during startup stating that your memory configuration is non-optimal.

### **Installing Memory Modules**



CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. See your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer, and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

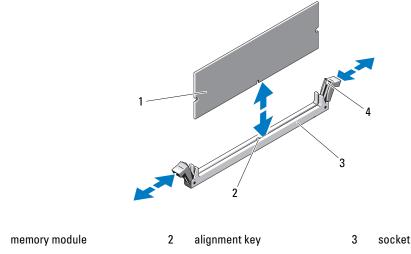
- Turn off the system, including any attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- **4** Locate the memory module sockets on the system board. See Figure 6-2.



/!\ CAUTION: The DIMMs are hot to the touch for some time after the system has been powered down. Allow time for the DIMMs to cool before handling them. Handle the DIMMs by the card edges and avoid touching the DIMM components.

Press the ejectors on the memory module socket down and out, as shown in Figure 3-23, to allow the memory module to be inserted into the socket.

Figure 3-23. Installing and Removing a Memory Module



- 4 memory module socket ejectors (2)
- **6** Align the memory module's edge connector with the alignment key on the memory module socket, and insert the memory module in the socket.
- **NOTE:** The memory module socket has an alignment key that allows you to install the memory module in the socket in only one way.
- **7** Press down on the memory module with your thumbs while pulling up on the ejectors with your index fingers to lock the memory module into the socket.
  - When the memory module is properly seated in the socket, the ejectors on the memory module socket align with the ejectors on the other sockets that have memory modules installed.
- **8** Repeat step 3 through step 7 of this procedure to install the remaining memory modules.
- **9** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **10** Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- 11 Reconnect the system and peripherals to power and turn them on.
- **12** (Optional) Press <F2> to enter the System Setup program, and check the System Memory setting on the main System Setup screen.
  - The system should have already changed the value to reflect the newly installed memory.
- 13 If the value is incorrect, one or more of the memory modules may not be installed properly. Repeat step 2 through step 12 of this procedure, checking to ensure that the memory modules are firmly seated in their sockets.

14 Run the system memory test in the system diagnostics. See "Running the System Diagnostics" on page 113.

### Removing Memory Modules



⚠ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. See your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer, and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Turn off the system, including any attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- **4** Locate the memory module sockets on the system board. See Figure 6-2.



/!\ CAUTION: The DIMMs are hot to the touch for some time after the system has been powered down. Allow time for the DIMMs to cool before handling them. Handle the DIMMs by the card edges and avoid touching the DIMM components.

- 5 Press down and out on the ejectors on each end of the socket until the memory module pops out of the socket. See Figure 3-23.
- **6** Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- 7 Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- Connect the power cable to the power supply and the power outlet.

# **System Battery**

### Replacing the System Battery

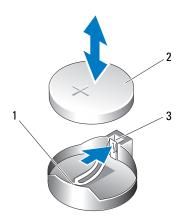


/!\ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. See your *Product Information Guide* for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer, and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Enter the System Setup program and record the option settings on the System Setup screens. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
- 2 Turn off the system, including any attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **3** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- See Figure 6-2 for the location of the system battery and then remove any cables that block access to the battery.

- **5** Remove the system battery.
- NOTICE: To avoid damage to the battery connector, you must firmly support the connector while installing or removing a battery.
  - **a** Support the battery connector by pressing down firmly on the positive side of the connector. See Figure 3-24.
  - **b** While supporting the battery connector, push the battery toward the positive side of the connector and pry it up out of the securing tabs at the negative side of the connector.

Figure 3-24. Replacing the System Battery

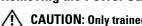


- 1 positive side of connector
- 2 system battery
- 3 negative side of connector

- **6** Install the new system battery (see Figure 3-24):
  - **a** Support the battery connector by pressing down firmly on the positive side of the connector.
  - **b** Hold the battery with the "+" facing up, and slide it under the securing tabs at the positive side of the connector.
  - **c** Press the battery straight down into the connector until it snaps into place.
- 7 Replace all the expansion cards you removed in step 4. See "Installing an Expansion Card" on page 70.
- **8** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **9** Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
- **10** Enter the System Setup program to confirm that the battery operates properly.
- 11 From the main screen, select System Time to enter the correct time and date.
- **12** Re-enter any system configuration information that is no longer displayed on the System Setup screens, and then exit the System Setup program.
- **13** To test the newly installed battery, see "Troubleshooting the System Battery" on page 102.

# **Power Supply**

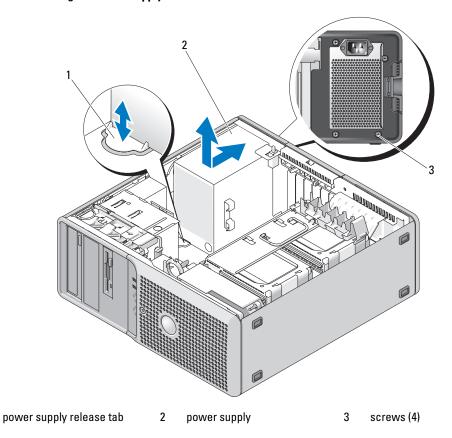
### Removing the Power Supply



- /!\ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.
  - 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
  - **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
  - **3** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
  - **4** Disconnect the DC power cables from the system board (POWER1 and POWER2), the drives, and any other cards or devices to which they are connected.

    - **NOTE:** Note the routing of the DC power cables underneath the tabs in the system frame as you release the tabs and remove the cables from the system board and drives. You must route these cables properly when you replace them to prevent their being pinched or crimped.
  - 5 Using a #2 Phillips screwdriver, remove the four Phillips screws that secure the power supply to the back panel.
  - **6** Press the power-supply release tab down and slide the power supply toward the front of the system, then lift it out of the system chassis. See Figure 3-25.

Figure 3-25. Removing the Power Supply



## **Installing the Power Supply**

- **1** Prepare the new power supply for installation.
- **2** Align the power supply mounting holes with the mounting holes on the back panel.
- 3 Slide the power supply toward the back panel, into the hooks on the side and bottom of the chassis, until it snaps into place over the power-supply release tab.
- **4** Using a #2 Phillips screwdriver, install the four Phillips screws that secure the power supply to the back panel.
- **5** Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- **6** Reconnect the power-supply cables.
- 7 Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.

# **Replacing the Cooling Fans**

The system incorporates three cooling fans, and a fourth fan is included with the optional fourth harddrive carrier. The card fan and front fan must be removed to access certain other system components. The memory fan on the rotatable hard-drive carrier should be removed only if it is being replaced. The fourth hard-drive fan is integrated in the optional fourth hard-drive carrier.

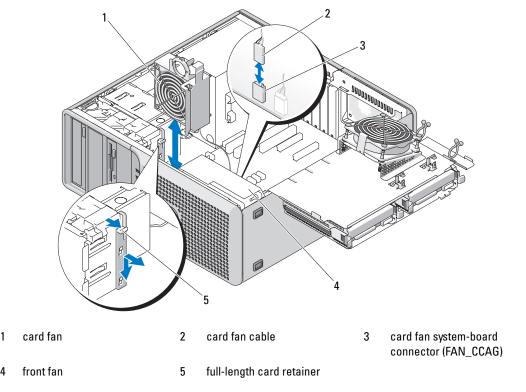
### **Replacing the Card and Front Fans**



CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

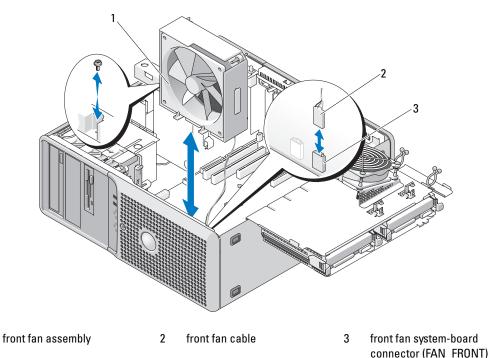
- 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- **4** Disconnect the card fan cable from the FAN CCAG connector on the system board. See Figure 6-2.
- **5** Pull to remove the full-length card retainer beside the card fan. See Figure 3-26.
- Press the tab between the card fan and the front fan towards the card fan as you lift it up and out of the system.

Figure 3-26. Removing and Installing the Card Fan



- 7 Disconnect the front fan cable from the FAN\_FRONT connector on the system board. See Figure 6-2.
- **8** Remove the cables from the channel at the bottom of the front fan assembly.
- **9** Unscrew the fan case and lift to remove the front fan assembly from the system. See Figure 3-27.
- **10** Perform the preceding steps in reverse order to reinstall the fans.

Figure 3-27. Removing and Installing the Front Fan



### Replacing the Memory Fan

CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your *Product Information Guide* for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- **4** Disconnect the card fan cable from the FAN\_MEM connector on the system board. See Figure 6-2.
- **5** Remove the hard-drive from the bay beneath to the memory fan. See "Removing a Hard Drive from the Rotatable Carrier" on page 49.
- **6** Pull the four fan grommets out of the holes in the hard-drive carrier. Optionally, cut the grommets with a wire cutter if available.
- 7 Place the new fan with the grommets aligned with the holes in the hard-drive carrier and press into place. Use needle-nose pliers to pull the grommets completely through the mounting holes.

- Reinstall the hard drive. See "Installing a Hard Drive in the Rotatable Carrier" on page 50.
- Connect the card fan cable from the FAN MEM connector on the system board. See Figure 6-2.
- 10 Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- 11 Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.

### Replacing the Fourth Hard-Drive Fan

The fourth hard-drive fan is integrated in the optional fourth hard-drive carrier and is replaced as part of the carrier assembly. See "Removing an Optional Fourth Hard Drive" on page 58.

## **Chassis Intrusion Switch**

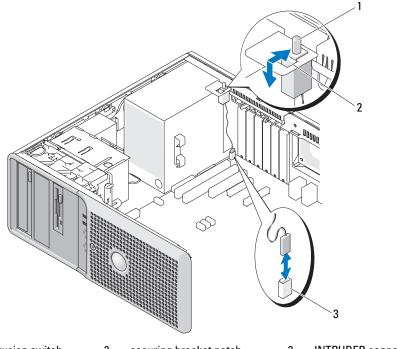
### **Removing the Chassis Intrusion Switch**



✓!\ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Disconnect the chassis intrusion switch cable from the INTRUDER connector on the system board. See Figure 3-28.
- Slide the chassis intrusion switch out of the securing bracket notch. See Figure 3-28.
- Remove the switch and its attached cable from the system.

Figure 3-28. Removing and Installing the Chassis Intrusion Switch



1 chassis intrusion switch

2 securing bracket notch

INTRUDER connector

### **Installing the Chassis Intrusion Switch**

- 1 Align the chassis intrusion switch with the securing bracket notch. See Figure 3-28.
- **2** Slide the switch into the securing bracket notch.
- **3** Connect the switch cable to the INTRUDER connector on the system board.
- **4** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **5** Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system.

# Removing and Replacing the Bezel (Service Only Parts Procedure)

## Removing the Bezel

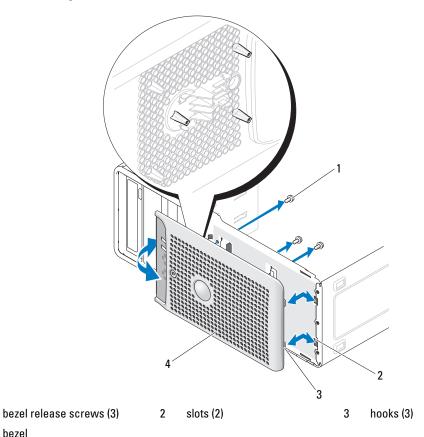


CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your *Product Information Guide* for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.

- **3** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- **4** Remove the card and front fans. See "Replacing the Card and Front Fans" on page 83.
- Using a #2 Phillips screwdriver, remove the three bezel release screws. See Figure 3-29. To remove the lower screw, angle the screwdriver over the top of the CPU1 heat sink, if populated.
- Rotate the top of the bezel away from the system chassis and remove it.

Figure 3-29. Removing the Bezel



- bezel

## **Replacing the Bezel**

- 1 Insert the hooks on the bottom of the bezel into the slots in the chassis and rotate it into position.
- Attach the three bezel release screws to secure the bezel to the system chassis. See Figure 3-29.
- Reinstall the front and card fans. See "Replacing the Card and Front Fans" on page 83.

- Reinstall the processor heat sink and shroud assembly. See "Replacing the Processor" on page 75.
- **5** Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- **6** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **7** Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system.

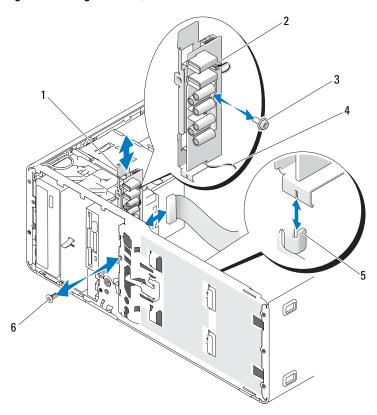
# Front I/O Panel (Service Only Parts Procedure)

CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

### Removing the Front I/O Panel

- 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Remove the system cover. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- **4** Remove the front bezel. See "Removing the Bezel" on page 87.
- NOTICE: Carefully note the routing of each cable before you disconnect it, so that you are sure to re-route cables correctly.
- 5 Note the routing of each cable as you disconnect the I/O panel ribbon cable and the thermal diode cable from the I/O panel.
  - Disconnect the I/O panel ribbon cable from the I/O panel connector by pulling the yellow cable loop.
- **6** Remove the mounting screw holding the I/O panel bracket assembly to the front chassis. See Figure 3-30.
- 7 Lift the I/O panel out of the system.
- If you are replacing the I/O panel, perform the following steps:
  - Remove the screw attaching the I/O board to the mounting bracket. See Figure 3-30.
  - Slide the board to the side to remove the two hooks from the slots in the mounting bracket.
  - Disconnect the thermal diode cable and set it aside to install on the new I/O panel.

Figure 3-30. Removing and Installing the Front I/O-Panel



I/O panel

- thermal diode cable connector 3 2
- I/O board mounting screw

- thermal diode cable
- 5 holding tab

assembly mounting screw

### Replacing the Front I/O Panel



/!\ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 If you are replacing the I/O panel, perform the following steps:
  - Remove the screw attaching the new I/O board to the mounting bracket. See Figure 3-30.
  - Slide the board to the side to disengage the two hooks from the slots in the mounting bracket.
  - Connect the thermal diode cable that you removed in step 8 of "Removing the Front I/O Panel" on page 89 to the connector on the new I/O panel board.

- Place the I/O panel board on the mounting bracket, routing the thermal diode cable under the board, and slide the board to the side to engage the hooks in the mounting bracket slots.
- Reinstall the screw connecting the I/O panel board to the mounting bracket.
- **2** Fit the I/O panel bracket assembly into the holding tab on the front of the chassis. See Figure 3-30.
- Secure the I/O panel bracket assembly by installing the I/O panel assembly mounting screw.
- **4** Connect the cables the new I/O panel that you removed in step 5 of "Removing the Front I/O Panel" on page 89.
- **5** Reinstall the front bezel. See "Replacing the Bezel" on page 88.
- **6** Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- 7 Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system.

# Thermal Diode Cable (Service Only Parts Procedure)

To replace a faulty thermal diode cable, follow the steps in "Removing the Front I/O Panel" on page 89 to remove the front I/O panel and remove the old thermal diode cable. Then, install the new cable and reinstall the front I/O panel as described in "Replacing the Front I/O Panel" on page 90.

# System Board (Service Only Parts Procedure)



CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.



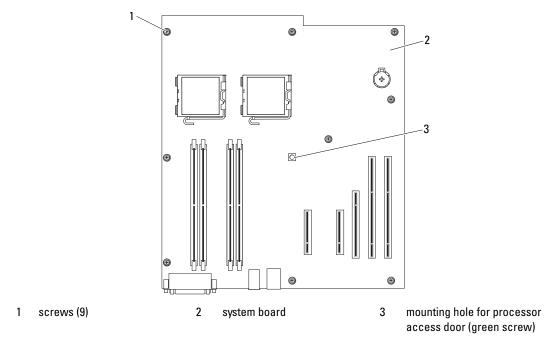
/!\ CAUTION: The heat sink can get hot during operation. To avoid burns, ensure that the system has sufficient time to cool before removing the system board.

## Removing the System Board

- Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- Remove the system cover. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- **4** Remove the processor access door assembly:
  - Remove the green screw that attaches the processor access door assembly to the system board and to the system chassis.
  - Lift to remove the processor access door assembly from the system.
- Remove the card and front fans. See "Replacing the Card and Front Fans" on page 83.

- **6** Disconnect the following cables from the system board. See Figure 6-2.
  - Two power-supply cables from the POWER1 and POWER2 connectors
  - If applicable, diskette data cable from the DSKT connector
  - I/O panel cable from the FRONT PANEL connector
  - 5.25-inch device data cable from the IDE connector
  - Memory cooling fan cable from the FAN MEM connector
  - If applicable, data cable(s) from the SATA connector(s)
- 7 Remove all expansion cards and any attached cables. See "Removing an Expansion Card" on page 72.
- **8** Remove all memory modules. See "Removing Memory Modules" on page 79.
  - **NOTE:** Record the memory-module socket locations to ensure proper reinstallation of the memory modules.
- CAUTION: The processor and heat sink can become extremely hot. Allow sufficient time for the processor and heat sink to cool before handling.
- **NOTICE:** To prevent damaging the processor, do not pry the heat sink off of the processor.
- **9** Remove the processors. See "Removing the Processor" on page 73.
- 10 Using a #2 Phillips screwdriver, remove the nine system board mounting screws that secure the system board to the chassis. See Figure 3-31.
  - **NOTE**: To remove all of the screws, you need a Phillips screwdriver with a blade at least 6 inches long.

Figure 3-31. System Board Mounting Points



- 11 Carefully route any loose cables away from the edges of the system board.
- **12** Gently slide the system board toward the front of the system, then lift the system board up and out of the chassis.
- **13** Place the system board on a flat, nonconductive surface.

## **Installing the System Board**

- 1 Lower the system board into the chassis, aligning the I/O ports on the system board with the I/O connector openings on the back panel of the chassis.
- **2** Using a #2 Phillips screwdriver, install the nine screws on the system board that secure it to the chassis. See Figure 3-31.
- **NOTICE:** To prevent damaging the processor, clean the heat sink to remove any thermal grease and then apply fresh thermal grease to the processor before installing the heat sink.
  - **3** Install the processors. See "Replacing the Processor" on page 75.
- **4** Install the memory modules in the same sockets from which they were removed. See "Installing Memory Modules" on page 77.
- **5** Reinstall the processor access door assembly, using the green screw to attach it to the system board and system chassis.

- **6** Install the expansion cards and connect any cables. See "Installing an Expansion Card" on page 70.
- 7 Connect the cables that you removed in "Removing the System Board" on page 91. See Figure 6-2.
- **8** Reinstall the card and front fans. See "Replacing the Card and Front Fans" on page 83.
- **9** Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- **10** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- 11 Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system.

# Troubleshooting Your System

# Safety First—For You and Your System

To perform certain procedures in this document, you must remove the system cover and work inside the system. While working inside the system, do not attempt to service the system except as explained in this guide and elsewhere in your system documentation.



CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

# **Start-Up Routine**

Look and listen during the system's start-up routine for the indications described in Table 4-1.

Table 4-1. Start-Up Routine Indications

Look/listen for:	Action
A code displayed on the system diagnostic indicators.	See "Diagnostics Indicator Codes" on page 15.
An error message displayed on the monitor.	See "System Messages" on page 17.
The monitor's power indicator.	See "Troubleshooting the Video Subsystem" on page 96.
The keyboard indicators.	See "Troubleshooting the Keyboard" on page 97.
The diskette drive activity indicator.	See "Troubleshooting a Diskette Drive" on page 105.
The CD drive activity indicator.	See "Troubleshooting an Optical Drive" on page 106.
The hard-drive activity indicator.	See "Troubleshooting a Hard Drive" on page 107.
An unfamiliar constant scraping or grinding sound when you access a drive.	See "Getting Help" on page 123.

# **Checking the Equipment**

This section provides troubleshooting procedures for external devices attached to the system, such as the monitor, keyboard, or mouse. Before you perform any of the procedures, see "Troubleshooting External Connections" on page 96.

### **Troubleshooting IRQ Assignment Conflicts**

Most PCI devices can share an IRQ with another device, but they cannot use an IRQ simultaneously. To avoid this type of conflict, see the documentation for each PCI device for specific IRQ requirements. Table 4-2 lists the IRQ assignments.

Table 4-2. IRQ Assignment Defaults

IRQ Line	Assignment
IRQ0	System timer
IRQ1	Keyboard controller
IRQ2	Interrupt controller 1 to enable IRQ8 through IRQ15
IRQ3	Available
IRQ4	Serial port (COM1 and COM3)
IRQ5	Parallel port
IRQ6	Diskette drive controller
IRQ7	Reserved
IRQ8	Real-time clock
IRQ9	ACPI functions (used for power management)
IRQ10	Available
IRQ11	Available
IRQ12	Mouse
IRQ13	Math coprocessor
IRQ14	IDE CD drive controller (available if disabled in System Setup program)
IRQ15	Reserved (available if IDE CD controller is disabled in System Setup program)

### **Troubleshooting External Connections**

Loose or improperly connected cables are the most likely source of problems for the system, monitor, and other peripherals (such as a printer, keyboard, mouse, or other external device). Ensure that all external cables are securely attached to the external connectors on your system. See Figure 1-2 for the back-panel connectors on your system.

### **Troubleshooting the Video Subsystem**

#### Problem

- Monitor is not working properly.
- Video memory is faulty.

#### Action

- Check the system and power connections to the monitor.
- **2** Determine whether the system has an expansion card with a video output connector.
  - In this system configuration, the monitor cable should normally be connected to the connector on the expansion card, not to the system's integrated video connector.
  - To verify that the monitor is connected to the correct video connector, turn off the system and wait for 1 minute, then connect the monitor to the other video connector and turn the system on again.
- Determine whether the system has monitors attached to both the front and rear video connectors.
  - The system supports only one monitor attached to either the front or rear video connector. When a monitor is connected to the front panel, the back-panel video is disabled.
  - If two monitors are attached to the system, disconnect one monitor. If the problem is not resolved, continue to the next step.
- **4** Run the appropriate online diagnostic test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113. If the tests run successfully, the problem is not related to video hardware.
  - If the tests fail, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

### Troubleshooting the Keyboard

#### Problem

- System message indicates a problem with the keyboard.
- Keyboard is not functioning properly.

#### Action

- 1 Enter the System Setup program and ensure that the USB ports are enabled. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
- **2** Examine the keyboard and its cable for signs of damage.
- **3** Swap the faulty keyboard with a working keyboard. If the problem is resolved, replace the faulty keyboard. See "Getting Help" on page 123.
- **4** Run the appropriate online diagnostic test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113. If the problem is not resolved, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

### Troubleshooting the Mouse

### Problem

- System message indicates a problem with the mouse.
- Mouse is not functioning properly.

#### Action

- **1** Run the appropriate online diagnostic test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113. If the test fails, continue to the next step.
- **2** Examine the mouse and its cable for signs of damage.
  - If the mouse is not damaged, go to step 4.
  - If the mouse is damaged, continue to the next step.
- **3** Swap the faulty mouse with a working mouse.
  - If the problem is resolved, replace the faulty mouse. See "Getting Help" on page 123.
- **4** Enter the System Setup program and ensure that the USB port is enabled. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
  - If the problem is not resolved, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

# **Troubleshooting Serial I/O Problems**

#### Problem

- Error message indicates a problem with a serial port.
- Device connected to a serial port is not operating properly.

#### Action

- 1 Enter the System Setup program and ensure that the serial port is enabled and configured correctly for your application. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
- 2 If the problem is confined to a particular application, see the application documentation for specific port configuration requirements that the program may require.
- **3** Run the appropriate online diagnostic test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113. If the tests run successfully but the problem persists, see "Troubleshooting a Serial I/O Device" on page 99.

### Troubleshooting a Serial I/O Device

#### Problem

Device connected to the serial port is not operating properly.

#### Action

- **1** Turn off the system and any peripheral devices connected to the serial port.
- **2** Swap the serial interface cable with a working cable, and turn on the system and the serial device. If the problem is resolved, replace the interface cable. See "Getting Help" on page 123.
- **3** Turn off the system and the serial device, and swap the device with a comparable device.
- **4** Turn on the system and the serial device. If the problem is resolved, replace the serial device. See "Getting Help" on page 123.
  - If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

### Troubleshooting a USB Device

#### Problem

- System message indicates a problem with a USB device.
- Device connected to a USB port is not operating properly.

If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

#### Action

- 1 Enter the System Setup program, and ensure that the USB ports are enabled. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
- **2** Turn off the system and any USB devices.
- 3 Disconnect the USB devices, and connect the malfunctioning device to the other USB connector.
- **4** Turn on the system and the reconnected device.

  If the problem is resolved, the USB connector might be defective. See "Getting Help" on page 123.
- **5** If possible, swap the interface cable with a working cable. If the problem is resolved, replace the interface cable. See "Getting Help" on page 123.
- **6** Turn off the system and the USB device, and swap the device with a comparable device.
- 7 Turn on the system and the USB device. If the problem is resolved, replace the USB device. See "Getting Help" on page 123.

# Troubleshooting a NIC

#### Problem

NIC cannot communicate with network.

#### Action

- Run the appropriate online diagnostic test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113.
- **2** Check the appropriate indicator on the NIC connector.
  - If the link indicator does not light, check all cable connections.
  - If the activity indicator does not light, the network driver files might be damaged or missing. Remove and reinstall the drivers if applicable. See the NIC's documentation.
  - Change the autonegotiation setting, if possible.
  - Use another connector on the switch or hub.

If you are using a NIC card instead of an integrated NIC, see the documentation for the NIC card.

- **3** Ensure that the appropriate drivers are installed and the protocols are bound. See the NIC's documentation.
- 4 Enter the System Setup program and confirm that the NICs are enabled. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
- **5** Ensure that the NICs, hubs, and switches on the network are all set to the same data transmission speed. See the network equipment documentation.
- Ensure that all network cables are of the proper type and do not exceed the maximum length.

# **Troubleshooting a Wet System**

#### Problem

- Liquid spilled on the system.
- Excessive humidity.

#### Action



/!\ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Remove all expansion cards installed in the system. See "Removing an Expansion Card" on page 72.

- Let the system dry thoroughly for at least 24 hours.
- **5** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals. If the system does not start properly, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
- 7 If the system starts properly, shut down the system and reinstall all of the expansion cards that you removed. See "Installing an Expansion Card" on page 70.
- Run the appropriate online diagnostic test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113. If the tests fail, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

# Troubleshooting a Damaged System

#### **Problem**

System was dropped or damaged.

#### Action



✓!\ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **2** Ensure that the following components are properly installed:
  - Expansion cards
  - Power supplies
  - Fans
  - Processors and heat sinks
  - Memory modules
- **3** Ensure that all cables are properly connected.
- Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **5** Run the system board tests in the system diagnostics. See "Running the System Diagnostics" on page 113.

If the tests fail, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

# Troubleshooting the System Battery

#### Problem

- System message indicates a problem with the battery.
- System Setup program loses system configuration information.
- System date and time do not remain current.



NOTE: If the system is turned off for long periods of time (for weeks or months), the NVRAM may lose its system configuration information. This situation is caused by a defective battery.

#### Action

- 1 Re-enter the time and date through the System Setup program. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
- **2** Turn off the system and disconnect it from the electrical outlet for at least one hour.
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet and turn on the system.
- Enter the System Setup program.
  - If the date and time are not correct in the System Setup program, replace the battery. See "Replacing the System Battery" on page 79.
  - If the problem is not resolved by replacing the battery, see "Getting Help" on page 123.



NOTE: Some software may cause the system time to speed up or slow down. If the system seems to operate normally except for the time kept in the System Setup program, the problem may be caused by software rather than by a defective battery.

# Troubleshooting System Cooling Problems

#### Problem

Systems management software or BIOS issues a fan-related error message.

#### Action

Ensure that none of the following conditions exist:

- System cover, drive blank, or front or back filler panel is removed.
- Ambient temperature is too high.
- External airflow is obstructed.
- Cables inside the system obstruct airflow.
- An individual cooling fan is removed or has failed. See "Troubleshooting a Fan" on page 103.

### Troubleshooting a Fan

#### Problem

Systems management software or BIOS issues a fan-related error message.

#### Action



✓!\ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Run the appropriate diagnostic test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113.
- **2** Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **4** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- **5** Locate the faulty fan indicated by the system message or the diagnostic software.
- **6** Ensure that the faulty fan's power cable is firmly attached to the fan power connector. See "Replacing the Card and Front Fans" on page 83.
- 7 Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- **8** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **9** Reconnect the system to its electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
- 10 If the problem is not resolved, install a new fan. See "Replacing the Card and Front Fans" on page 83. If the replacement fan is working properly, close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43. If the replacement fan does not operate, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

# Troubleshooting System Memory

#### Problem

- Faulty memory module.
- Faulty system board.
- Diagnostic indicator code indicates a problem with system memory.

#### Action



CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Run the appropriate online diagnostic test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113.
- **2** Turn on the system and attached peripherals.
  - If an error message does not appear, continue to the next step.
  - If an error messages appears, go to step 13.
- Enter the System Setup program and check the system memory setting. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
  - If the amount of memory installed matches the system memory setting, go to step 13.
- Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- 6 Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- 7 Ensure that the memory banks are populated correctly. See "General Memory Module Installation Guidelines."
  - If the memory modules are populated correctly, continue to the next step.
- Reseat the memory modules in their sockets. See "Installing Memory Modules" on page 77.
- Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- 10 Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- 11 Reconnect the system to its electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
- 12 Enter the System Setup program and check the system memory setting. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
  - If the amount of memory installed does not match the system memory setting, then perform the following steps:
  - Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from its electrical outlet.
  - Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43. b
  - Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.



NOTE: Several configurations for the memory modules exist; see "General Memory Module Installation Guidelines."

- Swap the memory module in socket 1 with another of the same capacity. See "Installing Memory Modules" on page 77.
- Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- Reconnect the system to its electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
- As the system boots, observe the monitor screen and the indicators on the keyboard.
- **13** Perform the following steps:
  - Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from its electrical outlet.
  - Open the system. See "Opening the System" in "Installing System Components."
  - Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
  - Repeat step d through step h in step 12 for each memory module installed. If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123."

# **Troubleshooting a Diskette Drive**

#### Problem

Error message indicates a diskette drive problem.

#### Action



CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Enter the System Setup program and verify that the diskette drive is configured correctly. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
- Run the appropriate online diagnostic test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113.
- Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- Ensure that the diskette drive interface cable is securely connected to the diskette drive and the system board.
- Ensure that a power cable is properly connected to the drive.
- 7 Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals. 8
- Run the appropriate online diagnostic test to see whether the diskette drive works correctly.

- Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from its electrical outlet.
- Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **12** Remove all expansion cards installed in the system. See "Removing an Expansion Card" on page 72.
- Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **14** Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
- **15** Run the appropriate online diagnostic test to see whether the diskette drive works correctly. If the tests run successfully, an expansion card may be conflicting with the diskette drive logic, or an expansion card may be faulty. Continue to the next step.
  - If the tests fail, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
- Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- Reinstall one of the expansion cards you removed in step 12. See "Installing an Expansion Card" on page 70.
- Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
- Run the appropriate online diagnostic test to see whether the diskette drive works correctly.
- **22** Repeat step 16 through step 21 until all expansion cards are reinstalled or one of the expansion cards causes the tests to fail.
  - If the problem is not resolved, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

# **Troubleshooting an Optical Drive**

#### Problem

- System cannot read data from a CD or DVD in an optical drive.
- Optical drive indicator does not blink during boot.

#### Action



/!\ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Try using a different CD or DVD that you know works properly.
- 2 Enter the System Setup program and ensure that the drive's IDE controller is enabled. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
- **3** Run the appropriate online diagnostic test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113.

- Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- Ensure that the interface cable is securely connected to the optical drive and to the controller.
- Ensure that a power cable is properly connected to the drive.
- Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals. If the problem is not resolved, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

# **Troubleshooting a Hard Drive**

#### Problem

- Device driver error.
- One or more hard drives not recognized by the system.

#### Action



/!\ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- NOTICE: This troubleshooting procedure can destroy data stored on the hard drive. Before you proceed, back up all files on the hard drive.
- Run the appropriate online diagnostics test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113. Depending on the results of the diagnostics test, proceed as needed through the following steps.
- 2 If you are experiencing problems with multiple hard drives, skip to step 5. For a problem with a single hard drive, continue to the next step.
- **3** If your system has a SAS RAID controller, perform the following steps.
  - Restart the system and press <Ctrl> <R> to enter the host adapter configuration utility program. See the documentation supplied with the host adapter for information about the configuration utility.
  - Ensure that the hard drive has been configured correctly for the RAID. b
  - Exit the configuration utility and allow the system to boot to the operating system.
- **4** Ensure that the required device drivers for your SAS RAID controller are installed and are configured correctly. See the operating system documentation for more information.
- Check the cable connections inside the system:
  - Turn off the system, including any attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.

- **b** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **c** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- **d** Verify that the cable connections between the hard drive(s) and the drive controller are correct, whether the connections are to the SATA connectors on the system board or a SAS RAID controller. See "Hard Drives" on page 48.
- **e** Verify that the SAS or SATA cables are securely seated in their connectors.
- **f** Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- **g** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **h** Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals. If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

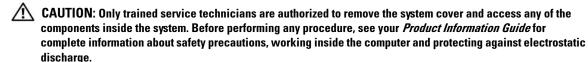
# **Troubleshooting a SAS RAID Controller**

NOTE: When troubleshooting a SAS RAID controller, also see the documentation for your operating system and the controller.

#### Problem

- Error message indicates a problem with the SAS RAID controller.
- SAS RAID controller performs incorrectly or not at all.

#### Action



- 1 Run the appropriate online diagnostic test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113.
- **2** Enter the System Setup program and ensure that the SAS RAID controller is enabled. See "Using the System Setup Program" on page 27.
- **3** Restart the system and press the applicable key sequence for the installed controller card to enter the configuration utility program:
  - <Ctrl><C>
  - <Ctrl><R>

See the controller's documentation for information about configuration settings.

- **4** Check the configuration settings, make any necessary corrections, and restart the system. If the problem is not resolved, continue to the next step.
- **5** Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from its electrical outlet.
- Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- 7 Ensure that the controller card is firmly seated into the system board connector. See "Installing an Expansion Card" on page 70.
- **8** Ensure that the following RAID components, if present, are properly installed and connected:
  - Memory module
  - Battery
- Verify that the cable connections between the hard drives and the SAS controller are correct. See "Hard Drives" on page 48.
  - Ensure that the cables are firmly connected to the SAS controller and the hard drives.
- 10 Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- 11 Reconnect the system to its electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals. If the problem persists, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

# **Troubleshooting Expansion Cards**



**NOTE:** When troubleshooting an expansion card, see the documentation for your operating system and the expansion card.

#### Problem

- Error message indicates a problem with an expansion card.
- Expansion card performs incorrectly or not at all.

#### Action



✓!\ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 Run the appropriate online diagnostic test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113.
- Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **4** Ensure that each expansion card is firmly seated in its connector. See "Installing an Expansion Card" on page 70.
- Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.

- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals. If the problem persists, go to the next step.
- 7 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- Remove all expansion cards installed in the system. See "Removing an Expansion Card" on page 72.
- Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43. 10
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
- **12** Run the appropriate online diagnostic test. If the tests fail, see "Getting Help" on page 123.
- For each expansion card you removed in step 9, perform the following steps:
  - Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
  - Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43. h
  - Reinstall one of the expansion cards.
  - Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
  - Run the appropriate diagnostic test. If the tests fail, see "Getting Help" on page 123.

# **Troubleshooting the Microprocessors**

#### Problem

- Error message indicates a processor problem.
- Diagnostic indicator code indicates a problem with the processors or system board.
- A heat sink is not installed for each processor.

#### Action



/ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- 1 If possible, run the appropriate online diagnostics test. See "Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics" on page 113.
- 2 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **3** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **4** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.

- 5 Visually inspect to ensure that each processor and heat sink are properly installed. See "Replacing the Processor" on page 75.
- 6 Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- 7 Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
- **9** If possible, run the appropriate online diagnostic test. If the tests fail or the problem persists, continue to the next step.
- 10 Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- 11 Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- 12 Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- NOTICE: When removing and replacing a processors and heat sink to complete the following steps, do not disturb the thermal grease on the top of the processor and bottom of the heat sink. Place the processor and heat sink aside, while they are removed, on a flat surface and avoid contact with the thermal grease.
- **13** Remove processor 2 if installed. See "Replacing the Processor" on page 75.
  - To locate the processors, see Figure 6-2.
  - If only one processor is installed, replace the processor. See "Getting Help" on page 123.
- 14 Rotate the hard-drive carrier back into the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Into the System" on page 46.
- **15** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **16** Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system and attached peripherals.
- **17** Run the appropriate online diagnostic test.
  - If the tests complete successfully, go to step 18.
  - If the tests fail, the processor is faulty. See "Getting Help" on page 123.
- **18** Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **20** Rotate the hard-drive carrier out of the system. See "Rotating the Hard-Drive Carrier Out of the System" on page 44.
- 21 Swap processor 1 with the processor you removed in step 13. See "Replacing the Processor" on page 75.
- **22** Repeat step 14 through step 21.
  - If the tests fail, the processor is faulty. See "Getting Help" on page 123.
  - If you have tested both processors and the problem persists, the system board is faulty. See "Getting Help" on page 123.

# **Running the System Diagnostics**

If you experience a problem with your system, run the diagnostics before calling for technical assistance. The purpose of the diagnostics is to test your system's hardware without requiring additional equipment or risking data loss. If you are unable to fix the problem yourself, service and support personnel can use diagnostics test results to help you solve the problem.

## Using Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics

To assess a system problem, first use the online Dell<sup>®</sup> PowerEdge<sup>®</sup> Diagnostics. Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics is a suite of diagnostic programs, or test modules, that include diagnostic tests on chassis and storage components such as hard drives, physical memory, communications and printer ports, NICs, CMOS, and more. If you are unable to identify the problem using the PowerEdge Diagnostics, then use the system diagnostics.

The files required to run PowerEdge Diagnostics for systems running supported Microsoft® Windows® and Linux operating systems are available at support.dell.com and on the CDs that came with your system. For information about using diagnostics, see the Dell PowerEdge Diagnostics User's Guide.

## **System Diagnostics Features**

The system diagnostics provides a series of menus and options for particular device groups or devices. The system diagnostics menus and options allow you to:

- Run tests individually or collectively.
- Control the sequence of tests.
- Repeat tests.
- Display, print, or save test results.
- Temporarily suspend testing if an error is detected or terminate testing when a user-defined error limit is reached.
- View help messages that briefly describe each test and its parameters.
- View status messages that inform you if tests are completed successfully.
- View error messages that inform you of problems encountered during testing.

## When to Use the System Diagnostics

If a major component or device in the system does not operate properly, component failure may be indicated. As long as the microprocessor and the system's input/output devices (monitor, keyboard, and diskette drive) are functioning, you can use the system diagnostics to help identify the problem.

## **Running the System Diagnostics**

The system diagnostics is run from the utility partition on your hard drive.



NOTICE: Use the system diagnostics to test only your system. Using this program with other systems may cause invalid results or error messages. In addition, use only the program that came with your system (or an updated version of that program).

- **1** As the system boots, press <F10> during POST.
- 2 From the utility partition main menu, select Run System Diagnostics, or select Run Memory Diagnostics if you are troubleshooting memory.

When you start the system diagnostics, a message is displayed stating that the diagnostics are initializing. Next, the Diagnostics menu appears. The menu allows you to run all or specific diagnostics tests or to exit the system diagnostics.



NOTE: Before you read the rest of this section, start the system diagnostics so that you can see the utility on your

# **System Diagnostics Testing Options**

Click the testing option in the Main Menu window. Table 5-1 provides a brief explanation of testing options.

Table 5-1. System Diagnostics Testing Options

Testing Option	Function
Express Test	Performs a quick check of the system. This option runs device tests that do not require user interaction. Use this option to quickly identify the source of your problem.
Extended Test	Performs a more thorough check of the system. This test can take an hour or longer.
Custom Test	Tests a particular device.
Information	Displays test results.

## **Using the Custom Test Options**

When you select Custom Test in the Main Menu window, the Customize window appears and allows you to select the device(s) to be tested, select specific options for testing, and view the test results.

### **Selecting Devices for Testing**

The left side of the Customize window lists devices that can be tested. Devices are grouped by device type or by module, depending on the option you select. Click the (+) next to a device or module to view its components. Click (+) on any component to view the tests that are available. Clicking a device, rather than its components, selects all of the components of the device for testing.

### **Selecting Diagnostics Options**

Use the Diagnostics Options area to select how you want to test a device. You can set the following options:

- Non-Interactive Tests Only When checked, runs only tests that require no user intervention.
- Quick Tests Only When checked, runs only the quick tests on the device. Extended tests will not run when you select this option.
- Show Ending Timestamp When checked, time stamps the test log.
- **Test Iterations** Selects the number of times the test is run.
- **Log output file pathname** When checked, enables you to specify where the test log file is saved.

### **Viewing Information and Results**

The tabs in the Customize window provide information about the test and the test results. The following tabs are available:

- **Results** Displays the test that ran and the result.
- Errors Displays any errors that occurred during the test.
- Help Displays information about the currently selected device, component, or test.
- **Configuration** Displays basic configuration information about the currently selected device.
- Parameters If applicable, displays parameters that you can set for the test.

# **Jumpers and Connectors**

This section provides specific information about the system jumpers and describes the connectors on the various boards in the system.

## **System Board Jumpers**



CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. See your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer, and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

Figure 6-1 shows the location of the configuration jumpers on the system board. Table 6-1 lists the jumper settings.

Figure 6-1. System Board Jumpers

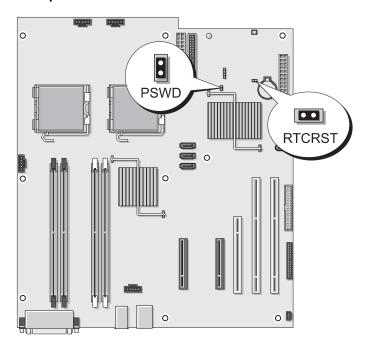


Table 6-1. System Board Jumper Settings

Jumper	Setting	Description
PSWD	(default)	The password feature is enabled.
	00	The password feature is disabled.
RTCRST	o o (default)	The CMOS settings are retained.
	00	The CMOS settings are reset.

### **Clearing CMOS Settings**



CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. Before performing any procedure, see your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- Remove the system cover. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- Remove the jumper plug from the PSWD jumper. See Figure 6-1.

- Place the jumper plug on the RTCRST jumper and wait approximately 5 seconds.
- Remove the jumper plug from the RTCRST jumper and replace it on the PSWD jumper. 5
- Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **7** Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system.

# **System Board Connectors**

CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. See your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer, and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

See Figure 6-2 and Table 6-2 for the location and description of the system board connectors.

Figure 6-2. System Board Connectors

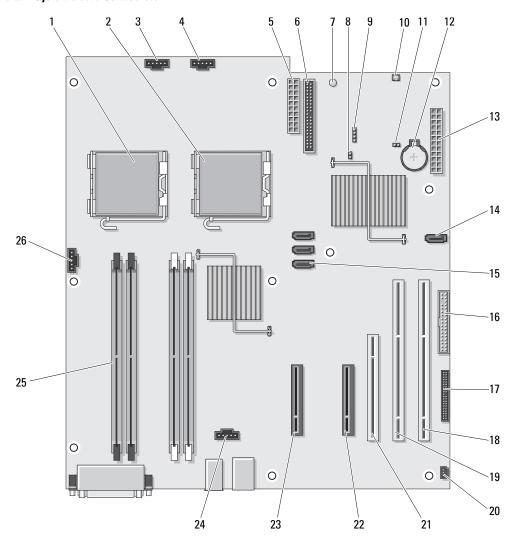


Table 6-2. System Board Connectors

Item	Connector	Description
1	CPU_0	primary processor connector
2	CPU_1	secondary processor connector
3	FAN_FRONT	front fan connector
4	FAN_CCAG	card cage fan
5	POWER2	power connector
6	IDE	IDE drive connector
7	AUX_PWR	standby power light
8	PSWD	password jumper
9	AUX_LED	auxiliary hard-drive LED connector
10	THRM	thermal diode connector
11	RTCRST	RTC reset jumper
12	BATTERY	battery socket
13	POWER1	main power connector
14	SATA_3	SATA connector
15	SATA_2, SATA_1, SATA_0	SATA connectors
16	DSKT	diskette drive connector
17	FRONTPANEL	front panel connector
18	SLOT6_PCIX	PCI-X card slot
19	SLOT5_PCIX	PCI-X card slot
20	INTRUDER	chassis intrusion header
21	SLOT4_PCI	legacy 5-V PCI card slot
22	SLOT3_PCIE	PCI Express x8 card slot, wired as x4
23	SLOT1_PCIE	PCI Express x8 card slot, wired as x4
24	FAN_HDD	fan connector for optional fourth hard drive
25	DIMM_n	memory module connectors
26	FAN_MEM	memory fan connector

## **Disabling a Forgotten Password**

The password jumper on the system board enables the system password features or disables them and clears any password(s) currently in use.



/ CAUTION: Only trained service technicians are authorized to remove the system cover and access any of the components inside the system. See your Product Information Guide for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the computer, and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

- Turn off the system and attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **2** Open the system. See "Opening the System" on page 43.
- **3** Remove the PSWD jumper and set it aside. See Figure 6-1 to locate the password jumper on the system board.
- **4** Close the system. See "Closing the System" on page 43.
- **5** Reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system.

The existing passwords are not disabled (erased) until the system boots with the password jumper plug removed. However, before you assign a new system and/or setup password, you must install the jumper plug.



NOTE: If you assign a new system and/or setup password with the jumper plug still removed, the system disables the new password(s) the next time it boots.

- **6** Turn off the system, including any attached peripherals, and disconnect the system from the electrical outlet.
- **7** Open the system.
- Reinstall the PSWD jumper.
- Close the system, reconnect the system to the electrical outlet, and turn on the system.
- Assign a new system and/or setup password.

To assign a new password using the System Setup program, see "Using the System Password" on page 36.

# **Getting Help**

## **Obtaining Assistance**

- 1 Complete the procedures in "Troubleshooting Your System" on page 95.
- **2** Run the system diagnostics and record any information provided.
- **3** Make a copy of the Diagnostics Checklist (see "Diagnostics Checklist" on page 127), and fill it out.
- 4 Use Dell's extensive suite of online services available at Dell Support at support.dell.com for help with installation and troubleshooting procedures.
  - For more information, see "Online Services" on page 123.
- **5** If the preceding steps have not resolved the problem, call Dell for technical assistance.

**NOTE:** Call technical support from a phone near or at the system so that technical support can assist you with any necessary procedures.

**NOTE:** Dell's Express Service Code system may not be available in all countries.

When prompted by Dell's automated telephone system, enter your Express Service Code to route the call directly to the proper support personnel. If you do not have an Express Service Code, open the Dell Accessories folder, double-click the Express Service Code icon, and follow the directions.

For instructions on using the technical support service, see "Support Service" on page 124 and "Before You Call" on page 125.

NOTE: Some of the following services are not always available in all locations outside the continental U.S. Call your local Dell representative for information on availability.

#### **Online Services**

You can access Dell Support at support.dell.com. Select your region on the WELCOME TO DELL SUPPORT page, and fill in the requested details to access help tools and information.

You can contact Dell electronically using the following addresses:

World Wide Web www.dell.com/ www.dell.com/ap/ (Asian/Pacific countries only) www.dell.com/jp (Japan only) www.euro.dell.com (Europe only)

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www.dell.com/la (Latin American countries)
www.dell.ca (Canada only)
```

• Anonymous file transfer protocol (FTP)

ftp.dell.com/

Log in as user: anonymous, and use your e-mail address as your password.

 Electronic Support Service support@us.dell.com
 apsupport@dell.com (Asian/Pacific countries only)
 support.jp.dell.com (Japan only)
 support.euro.dell.com (Europe only)

• Electronic Quote Service apmarketing@dell.com (Asian/Pacific countries only) sales canada@dell.com (Canada only)

#### AutoTech Service

Dell's automated support service—AutoTech—provides recorded answers to the questions most frequently asked by Dell customers about their portable and desktop computer systems.

When you call AutoTech, use your touch-tone telephone to select the subjects that correspond to your questions.

The AutoTech service is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. You can also access this service through the support service. See the contact information for your region.

#### **Automated Order-Status Service**

To check on the status of any Dell™ products that you have ordered, you can go to **support.dell.com**, or you can call the automated order-status service. A recording prompts you for the information needed to locate and report on your order. See the contact information for your region.

### **Support Service**

Dell's support service is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, to answer your questions about Dell hardware. Our support staff use computer-based diagnostics to provide fast, accurate answers.

To contact Dell's support service, see "Before You Call" on page 125 and then see the contact information for your region.

## **Dell Enterprise Training and Certification**

Dell Enterprise Training and Certification is available; see www.dell.com/training for more information. This service may not be offered in all locations.

### **Problems With Your Order**

If you have a problem with your order, such as missing parts, wrong parts, or incorrect billing, contact Dell for customer assistance. Have your invoice or packing slip available when you call. See the contact information for your region.

### **Product Information**

If you need information about additional products available from Dell, or if you would like to place an order, visit the Dell website at www.dell.com. For the telephone number to call to speak to a sales specialist, see the contact information for your region.

## **Returning Items for Warranty Repair or Credit**

Prepare all items being returned, whether for repair or credit, as follows:

- 1 Call Dell to obtain a Return Material Authorization Number, and write it clearly and prominently on the outside of the box.
  - For the telephone number to call, see the contact information for your region.
- **2** Include a copy of the invoice and a letter describing the reason for the return.
- **3** Include a copy of any diagnostic information, including the Diagnostics Checklist (see "Diagnostics Checklist" on page 127), indicating the tests you have run and any error messages reported by the system diagnostics.
- 4 Include any accessories that belong with the item(s) being returned (such as power cables, media such as CDs and diskettes, and guides) if the return is for credit.
- **5** Pack the equipment to be returned in the original (or equivalent) packing materials. You are responsible for paying shipping expenses. You are also responsible for insuring any product returned, and you assume the risk of loss during shipment to Dell. Collect-on-delivery (C.O.D.) packages are not accepted.

Returns that are missing any of the preceding requirements will be refused at our receiving dock and returned to you.

### **Before You Call**

NOTE: Have your Express Service Code ready when you call. The code helps Dell's automated-support telephone system direct your call more efficiently.

Remember to fill out the Diagnostics Checklist (see "Diagnostics Checklist" on page 127). If possible, turn on your system before you call Dell for technical assistance and call from a telephone at or near the computer. You may be asked to type some commands at the keyboard, relay detailed information during operations, or try other troubleshooting steps possible only at the computer system itself. Ensure that the system documentation is available.



CAUTION: Before servicing any components inside your computer, see your *Product Information Guide* for important safety information.

Diagnostics Checklist
Name:
Date:
Address:
Phone number:
Service Tag (bar code on the back of the computer):
Express Service Code:
Return Material Authorization Number (if provided by Dell support technician):
Operating system and version:
Peripherals:
Expansion cards:
Are you connected to a network? Yes No
Network, version, and network card:
Programs and versions:
See your operating system documentation to determine the contents of the system's start-up files. If possible, print each file. Otherwise, record the contents of each file before calling Dell.
Error message, beep code, or diagnostic code:
Description of problem and troubleshooting procedures you performed:

## **Contacting Dell**

To contact Dell electronically, you can access the following websites:

- www.dell.com
- support.dell.com (support)

For specific web addresses for your country, find the appropriate country section in the table below.



**NOTE:** Toll-free numbers are for use within the country for which they are listed.



**NOTE:** In certain countries, support specific to Dell™ XPS™ computers is available at a separate telephone number listed for participating countries. If you do not see a telephone number listed that is specific for XPS computers, you may contact Dell through the support number listed and your call will be routed appropriately.

When you need to contact Dell, use the electronic addresses, telephone numbers, and codes provided in the following table. If you need assistance in determining which codes to use, contact a local or an international operator.



NOTE: The contact information provided was deemed correct at the time that this document went to print and is subject to change.

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Anguilla	Website: www.dell.com.ai	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	toll-free: 800-335-0031
Antigua and Barbuda	Website: www.dell.com.ag	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	1-800-805-5924
Argentina (Buenos Aires)	Website: www.dell.com.ar	
International Access Code: 00	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
Country Code: 54 City Code: 11	E-mail for desktop and portable computers: la-techsupport@dell.com	
City Code. 11	E-mail for servers and EMC <sup>®</sup> storage products: la_enterprise@dell.com	
	Customer Care	toll-free: 0-800-444-0730
	Technical Support	toll-free: 0-800-444-0733
	Technical Support Services	toll-free: 0-800-444-0724
	Sales	0-810-444-3355

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Aruba	Website: www.dell.com.aw	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	toll-free: 800-1578
Australia (Sydney)	Website: support.ap.dell.com	
International Access Code: 0011	E-mail: support.ap.dell.com/contactus	
Country Code: 61	General Support	13DELL-133355
City Code: 2		
Austria (Vienna)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 900	E-mail: tech_support_central_europe@dell.com	
Country Code: 43	Home/Small Business Sales	0820 240 530 00
City Code: 1	Home/Small Business Fax	0820 240 530 49
	Home/Small Business Customer Care	0820 240 530 14
	Preferred Accounts/Corporate Customer Care	0820 240 530 16
	Support for XPS	0820 240 530 81
	Home/Small Business Support for all other Dell computers	0820 240 530 17
	Preferred Accounts/Corporate Support	0820 240 530 17
	Switchboard	0820 240 530 00
Bahamas	Website: www.dell.com.bs	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	toll-free: 1-866-278-6818
Barbados	Website: www.dell.com/bb	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	1-800-534-3142

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Belgium (Brussels)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	Tech Support for XPS	02 481 92 96
Country Code: 32	Tech Support for all other Dell computers	02 481 92 88
City Code: 2	Tech Support Fax	02 481 92 95
	Customer Care	02 713 15 65
	Corporate Sales	02 481 91 00
	Fax	02 481 92 99
	Switchboard	02 481 91 00
Bermuda	Website: www.dell.com/bm	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	1-877-890-0751
Bolivia	Website: www.dell.com/bo	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	toll-free: 800-10-0238
Brazil	Website: www.dell.com/br	
International Access Code: 00	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
Country Code: 55	Customer Support, Tech Support	0800 90 3355
City Code: 51	Technical Support Fax	51 3481 5470
	Customer Care Fax	51 3481 5480
	Sales	0800 90 3390
British Virgin Islands	General Support	toll-free: 1-866-278-6820
Brunei	Technical Support (Penang, Malaysia)	604 633 4966
Country Code: 673	Customer Care (Penang, Malaysia)	604 633 4888
	Transaction Sales (Penang, Malaysia)	604 633 4955

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Canada (North York, Ontario)	Online Order Status: www.dell.ca/ostatus	
International Access Code: 011	AutoTech (automated Hardware and Warranty Support)	toll-free: 1-800-247-9362
	Customer Service (Home Sales/Small Business)	toll-free: 1-800-847-4096
	Customer Service (med./large business, government)	toll-free: 1-800-326-9463
	Customer Service (printers, projectors, televisions, handhelds, digital jukebox, and wireless)	toll-free: 1-800-847-4096
	Hardware Warranty Support (Home Sales/Small Business)	toll-free: 1-800-906-3355
	Hardware Warranty Support (med./large bus., government)	toll-free: 1-800-387-5757
	Hardware Warranty Support (printers, projectors, televisions, handhelds, digital jukebox, and wireless)	1-877-335-5767
	Sales (Home Sales/Small Business)	toll-free: 1-800-387-5752
	Sales (med./large bus., government)	toll-free: 1-800-387-5755
	Spare Parts Sales & Extended Service Sales	1 866 440 3355
Cayman Islands	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	1-877-262-5415
Chile (Santiago)	Website: www.dell.com/cl	
Country Code: 56	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
City Code: 2	Sales and Customer Support	toll-free: 1230-020-4823

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
China (Xiamen)	Technical Support website: support.dell.com.cn	
Country Code: 86	Technical Support E-mail: cn_support@dell.com	
City Code: 592	Customer Care E-mail: customer_cn@dell.com	
	Technical Support Fax	592 818 1350
	Technical Support (Dell™ Dimension™ and Inspiron)	toll-free: 800 858 2968
	Technical Support (OptiPlex™, Latitude™, and Dell Precision™)	toll-free: 800 858 0950
	Technical Support (servers and storage)	toll-free: 800 858 0960
	Technical Support (projectors, PDAs, switches, routers, and so on)	toll-free: 800 858 2920
	Technical Support (printers)	toll-free: 800 858 2311
	Customer Care	toll-free: 800 858 2060
	Customer Care Fax	592 818 1308
	Home and Small Business	toll-free: 800 858 2222
	Preferred Accounts Division	toll-free: 800 858 2557
	Large Corporate Accounts GCP	toll-free: 800 858 2055
	Large Corporate Accounts Key Accounts	toll-free: 800 858 2628
	Large Corporate Accounts North	toll-free: 800 858 2999
	Large Corporate Accounts North Government and Education	toll-free: 800 858 2955
	Large Corporate Accounts East	toll-free: 800 858 2020
	Large Corporate Accounts East Government and Education	toll-free: 800 858 2669
	Large Corporate Accounts Queue Team	toll-free: 800 858 2572
	Large Corporate Accounts South	toll-free: 800 858 2355
	Large Corporate Accounts West	toll-free: 800 858 2811
	Large Corporate Accounts Spare Parts	toll-free: 800 858 2621
Colombia	Website: www.dell.com/cl	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	01-800-915-4755

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Costa Rica	Website: www.dell.com/cr	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	0800-012-0231
Czech Republic (Prague)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	E-mail: czech_dell@dell.com	
Country Code: 420	Technical Support	22537 2727
	Customer Care	22537 2707
	Fax	22537 2714
	Technical Fax	22537 2728
	Switchboard	22537 2711
Denmark (Copenhagen)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	Technical Support for XPS	7010 0074
Country Code: 45	Technical Support for all other Dell computers	7023 0182
	Customer Care (Relational)	7023 0184
	Home/Small Business Customer Care	3287 5505
	Switchboard (Relational)	3287 1200
	Switchboard Fax (Relational)	3287 1201
	Switchboard (Home/Small Business)	3287 5000
	Switchboard Fax (Home/Small Business)	3287 5001
Dominica	Website: www.dell.com/dm	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	toll-free: 1-866-278-6821
Dominican Republic	Website: www.dell.com/do	
_	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	1-800-156-1588
Ecuador	Website: www.dell.com/ec	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support (calling from Quito)	toll-free: 999-119-877-655-3355
	General Support (calling from Guayaquil)	toll-free: 1800-999-119-877-655- 3355

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
El Salvador	Website: www.dell.com/ec	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	800-6132
Finland (Helsinki)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 990	E-mail: fi_support@dell.com	
Country Code: 358	Technical Support	0207 533 555
City Code: 9	Customer Care	0207 533 538
	Switchboard	0207 533 533
	Sales under 500 employees	0207 533 540
	Fax	0207 533 530
	Sales over 500 employees	0207 533 533
	Fax	0207 533 530
France (Paris) (Montpellier)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	Home and Small Business	
Country Code: 33	Technical Support for XPS	0825 387 129
City Codes: (1) (4)	Technical Support for all other Dell computers	0825 387 270
	Customer Care	0825 823 833
	Switchboard	0825 004 700
	Switchboard (calls from outside of France)	04 99 75 40 00
	Sales	0825 004 700
	Fax	0825 004 701
	Fax (calls from outside of France)	04 99 75 40 01
	Corporate	
	Technical Support	0825 004 719
	Customer Care	0825 338 339
	Switchboard	01 55 94 71 00
	Sales	01 55 94 71 00
	Fax	01 55 94 71 01

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Germany (Frankfurt)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	E-mail: tech_support_central_europe@dell.com	
Country Code: 49	Technical Support for XPS	069 9792 7222
City Code: 69	Technical Support for all other Dell computers	069 9792-7200
	Home/Small Business Customer Care	0180-5-224400
	Global Segment Customer Care	069 9792-7320
	Preferred Accounts Customer Care	069 9792-7320
	Large Accounts Customer Care	069 9792-7320
	Public Accounts Customer Care	069 9792-7320
	Switchboard	069 9792-7000
Greece	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	Technical Support	00800-44 14 95 18
Country Code: 30	Gold Service Technical Support	00800-44 14 00 83
	Switchboard	2108129810
	Gold Service Switchboard	2108129811
	Sales	2108129800
	Fax	2108129812
Grenada	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	toll-free: 1-866-540-3355
Guatemala	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	1-800-999-0136
Guyana	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	toll-free: 1-877-270-4609

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Hong Kong	Website: support.ap.dell.com	
International Access Code: 001	Technical Support E-mail: HK_support@Dell.com	
Country Code: 852	Technical Support (Dimension and Inspiron)	2969 3188
	Technical Support (OptiPlex, Latitude, and Dell Precision)	2969 3191
	Technical Support (PowerApp™, PowerEdge™, PowerConnect™, and PowerVault™)	2969 3196
	Customer Care	3416 0910
	Large Corporate Accounts	3416 0907
	Global Customer Programs	3416 0908
	Medium Business Division	3416 0912
	Home and Small Business Division	2969 3105
India	E-mail: india_support_desktop@dell.com india_support_notebook@dell.com india_support_Server@dell.com	
	Technical Support	1600338045
		and 1600448046
	Sales (Large Corporate Accounts)	1600 33 8044
	Sales (Home and Small Business)	1600 33 8046

International Access Code: 00         E-mail: dell_direct_support@dell.com           Country Code: 353         Sales           City Code: 1         Ireland Sales         01 204 4444           Dell Outlet         1850 200 778           Online Ordering HelpDesk         1850 200 778           Customer Care         01 204 4014           Small Business Customer Care         01 204 4014           Corporate Customer Care         1850 200 982           Technical Support         Technical Support           Technical Support for XPS computers only         1850 200 722           Technical Support for all other Dell computers         1850 543 543           General         Fax/Sales Fax         01 204 0103           Switchboard         01 204 4144         U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)         0870 906 0010           Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)         0870 907 4090         0970 4090           Italy (Milan)         Website: support.euro.dell.com           International Access Code: 00         Home and Small Business           Country Code: 39         Technical Support         02 577 826 90	Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Country Code: 353         Sales           City Code: 1         Ireland Sales         01 204 4444           Dell Outlet         1850 200 778           Online Ordering HelpDesk         1850 200 778           Customer Care         01 204 4014           Small Business Customer Care         01 204 4014           Small Business Customer Care         1850 200 982           Technical Support         1850 200 982           Technical Support for XPS computers only         1850 200 722           Technical Support for all other Dell computers         1850 543 543           General         548 543 543           Fax/Sales Fax         01 204 4014           Switchboard         01 204 4014           U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)         0870 906 0010           Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)         0870 907 4090           Italy (Milan)         Website: support.euro.dell.com           International Access Code: 00         Home and Small Business           Country Code: 39         Technical Support         02 577 826 90           City Code: 02         Customer Care         02 696 821 14           Fax         02 696 821 14           Fax         02 696 821 15           Switchboard         02 696 821 12 <t< td=""><td>Ireland (Cherrywood)</td><td>Website: support.euro.dell.com</td><td></td></t<>	Ireland (Cherrywood)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
City Code: 1       Ireland Sales       01 204 4444         Dell Outlet       1850 200 778         Online Ordering HelpDesk       1850 200 778         Customer Care         Home User Customer Care       01 204 4014         Small Business Customer Care       01 204 4014         Corporate Customer Care       1850 200 982         Technical Support         Technical Support for XPS computers only       1850 200 722         Technical Support for all other Dell computers       1850 543 543         General         Fax/Sales Fax       01 204 0103         Switchboard       01 204 4444         U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)       0870 906 0010         Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)       0870 907 4090         Italy (Milan)       Website: support.euro.dell.com         International Access Code: 00       Home and Small Business         Country Code: 39       Technical Support       02 577 826 90         City Code: 02       Customer Care       02 696 821 14         Fax       02 696 821 15         Switchboard       02 696 821 12         Corporate       02 696 821 12	International Access Code: 00	E-mail: dell_direct_support@dell.com	
Dell Outlet   1850 200 778     Online Ordering HelpDesk   1850 200 778     Customer Care   101 204 4014     Small Business Customer Care   01 204 4014     Corporate Customer Care   1850 200 982     Technical Support   Technical Support   Technical Support for XPS computers only   1850 200 722     Technical Support for all other Dell computers   1850 543 543     General   Fax/Sales Fax   01 204 4014     U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 906 0010     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4499     U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4000     Italy (Milan)   Website: support.euro.dell.com     International Access Code: 00   Home and Small Business   Country Code: 39   Technical Support   02 577 826 90     City Code: 02   Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   02 696 821 14     Fax   02 696 821 13     Switchboard   02 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   02 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   02 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   02 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   02 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   03 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   03 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   03 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   03 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   03 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   03 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   03 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   03 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   03 696 821 12     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   03 696 821 12     Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   03 696 821 12     Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   03 696 821 12     Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   03 696 821 12     Customer Care (dial within U.K	Country Code: 353	Sales	
Nonline Ordering HelpDesk   1850 200 778   Customer Care   Home User Customer Care   01 204 4014   Small Business Customer Care   01 204 4014   Corporate Customer Care   1850 200 982   Technical Support   Technical Support for XPS computers only   1850 200 722   Technical Support for all other Dell computers   1850 543 543   General   Fax/Sales Fax   01 204 4013   Switchboard   01 204 4444   U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 906 0010   Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Outsomer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Outsomer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 907 4090   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 907 907   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 907 907   U.K. Sales (	City Code: 1	Ireland Sales	01 204 4444
Customer Care   Home User Customer Care   01 204 4014     Small Business Customer Care   01 204 4014     Corporate Customer Care   1850 200 982     Technical Support     Technical Support for XPS computers only   1850 200 722     Technical Support for all other Dell computers   1850 543 543     General   Fax/Sales Fax   01 204 0103     Switchboard   01 204 4444     U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 906 0010     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4499     U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4000     Italy (Milan)   Website: support.euro.dell.com     International Access Code: 00   Home and Small Business     Country Code: 39   Technical Support   02 577 826 90     City Code: 02   Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   02 696 821 14     Fax   62 696 821 13     Switchboard   02 696 821 12     Corporate Corporate (Corporate Corporate C		Dell Outlet	1850 200 778
Home User Customer Care   01 204 4014     Small Business Customer Care   01 204 4014     Corporate Customer Care   1850 200 982     Technical Support   Technical Support   1850 200 722     Technical Support for XPS computers only   1850 200 722     Technical Support for all other Dell computers   1850 543 543     General   Fax/Sales Fax   01 204 0103     Switchboard   01 204 4444     U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 906 0010     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4499     U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4000     Italy (Milan)   Website: support.euro.dell.com     International Access Code: 00   Home and Small Business     Country Code: 39   Technical Support   02 577 826 90     City Code: 02   Customer Care   02 696 821 14     Fax   02 696 821 14     Fax   02 696 821 13     Switchboard   02 696 821 12     Corporate   Corporate   Cor		Online Ordering HelpDesk	1850 200 778
Small Business Customer Care		Customer Care	
Corporate Customer Care   1850 200 982   Technical Support   Technical Support for XPS computers only   1850 200 722   Technical Support for all other Dell computers   1850 543 543 543   1850 543 543 543   1850 543 543 543 543 543 543 543 543 543 543		Home User Customer Care	01 204 4014
Technical Support           Technical Support for XPS computers only         1850 200 722           Technical Support for all other Dell computers         1850 543 543           General           Fax/Sales Fax         01 204 0103           Switchboard         01 204 4444           U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)         0870 906 0010           Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)         0870 907 4409           U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)         0870 907 4000           Italy (Milan)         Website: support.euro.dell.com           International Access Code: 00         Home and Small Business           Country Code: 39         Technical Support         02 577 826 90           City Code: 02         Customer Care         02 696 821 14           Fax         02 696 821 13           Switchboard         02 696 821 13           Switchboard         02 696 821 12           Corporate         02 696 821 12		Small Business Customer Care	01 204 4014
Technical Support for XPS computers only Technical Support for all other Dell computers  General Fax/Sales Fax 01 204 0103 Switchboard 01 204 4444 U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only) Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only) 0870 907 4499 U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only) 0870 907 4000  Italy (Milan) Website: support.euro.dell.com International Access Code: 00 Home and Small Business  Country Code: 39 Technical Support 02 577 826 90 City Code: 02 Customer Care 52 696 821 14 Fax 02 696 821 13 Switchboard 02 696 821 12 Corporate		Corporate Customer Care	1850 200 982
Technical Support for all other Dell computers   1850 543 543		Technical Support	
General   Fax/Sales Fax   01 204 0103   Switchboard   01 204 4144   U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 906 0010   Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4499   U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4000   Website: support.euro.dell.com   Home and Small Business		Technical Support for XPS computers only	1850 200 722
Fax/Sales Fax 01 204 0103 Switchboard 01 204 4444 U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only) 0870 906 0010 Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only) 0870 907 4499 U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only) 0870 907 4400  Italy (Milan) Website: support.euro.dell.com International Access Code: 00 Home and Small Business  Country Code: 39 Technical Support 02 577 826 90 City Code: 02 Customer Care 02 696 821 14 Fax 02 696 821 14 Fax 02 696 821 13 Switchboard 02 696 821 12 Corporate		Technical Support for all other Dell computers	1850 543 543
Switchboard   U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 906 0010     Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4499     U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 44000     Italy (Milan)   Website: support.euro.dell.com     International Access Code: 00   Home and Small Business     Country Code: 39   Technical Support   02 577 826 90     City Code: 02   Customer Care   02 696 821 14     Fax   02 696 821 13     Switchboard   02 696 821 12     Corporate   Corporate   Corporate		General	
U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)  Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)  U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)  U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)  Website: support.euro.dell.com  International Access Code: 00  Home and Small Business  Country Code: 39  City Code: 02  Customer Care  Customer Care  02 696 821 14  Fax  02 696 821 13  Switchboard  Corporate		Fax/Sales Fax	01 204 0103
Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4499     U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)   0870 907 4000		Switchboard	01 204 4444
U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)       0870 907 4000         Italy (Milan)       Website: support.euro.dell.com         International Access Code: 00       Home and Small Business         Country Code: 39       Technical Support       02 577 826 90         City Code: 02       Customer Care       02 696 821 14         Fax       02 696 821 13         Switchboard       02 696 821 12         Corporate		U.K. Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)	0870 906 0010
Italy (Milan)       Website: support.euro.dell.com         International Access Code: 00       Home and Small Business         Country Code: 39       Technical Support       02 577 826 90         City Code: 02       Customer Care       02 696 821 14         Fax       02 696 821 13         Switchboard       02 696 821 12         Corporate		Corporate Customer Care (dial within U.K. only)	0870 907 4499
International Access Code: 00         Home and Small Business           Country Code: 39         Technical Support         02 577 826 90           City Code: 02         Customer Care         02 696 821 14           Fax         02 696 821 13           Switchboard         02 696 821 12           Corporate         02 696 821 12		U.K. Sales (dial within U.K. only)	0870 907 4000
Country Code: 39       Technical Support       02 577 826 90         City Code: 02       Customer Care       02 696 821 14         Fax       02 696 821 13         Switchboard       02 696 821 12         Corporate       Corporate	Italy (Milan)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
City Code: 02       Customer Care       02 696 821 14         Fax       02 696 821 13         Switchboard       02 696 821 12         Corporate       Corporate	International Access Code: 00	Home and Small Business	
Fax 02 696 821 13 Switchboard 02 696 821 12 Corporate	Country Code: 39	Technical Support	02 577 826 90
Switchboard 02 696 821 12 Corporate	City Code: 02	Customer Care	02 696 821 14
Corporate		Fax	02 696 821 13
•		Switchboard	02 696 821 12
Technical Support 02 577 826 90		Corporate	
4.1		Technical Support	02 577 826 90
Customer Care 02 577 825 55		Customer Care	02 577 825 55
Fax 02 575 035 30		Fax	02 575 035 30
Switchboard 02 577 821		Switchboard	02 577 821

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Jamaica	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support (dial from within Jamaica only)	1-800-440-9205
Japan (Kawasaki)	Website: support.jp.dell.com	
International Access Code: 001	Technical Support (servers)	toll-free: 0120-198-498
Country Code: 81	Technical Support outside of Japan (servers)	81-44-556-4162
City Code: 44	Technical Support (Dimension and Inspiron)	toll-free: 0120-198-226
	Technical Support outside of Japan (Dimension and Inspiron)	81-44-520-1435
	Technical Support (Dell Precision, OptiPlex, and Latitude)	toll-free:0120-198-433
	Technical Support outside of Japan (Dell Precision, OptiPlex, and Latitude)	81-44-556-3894
	Technical Support (PDAs, projectors, printers, routers)	toll-free: 0120-981-690
	Technical Support outside of Japan (PDAs, projectors, printers, routers)	81-44-556-3468
	Faxbox Service	044-556-3490
	24-Hour Automated Order Status Service	044-556-3801
	Customer Care	044-556-4240
	Business Sales Division (up to 400 employees)	044-556-1465
	Preferred Accounts Division Sales (over 400 employees)	044-556-3433
	Public Sales (government agencies, educational institutions, and medical institutions)	044-556-5963
	Global Segment Japan	044-556-3469
	Individual User	044-556-1760
	Switchboard	044-556-4300

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Korea (Seoul)	E-mail: krsupport@dell.com	
International Access Code: 001	Support	toll-free: 080-200-3800
Country Code: 82 City Code: 2	Support (Dimension, PDA, Electronics and Accessories)	toll-free: 080-200-3801
Oity Gode. 2	Sales	toll-free: 080-200-3600
	Fax	2194-6202
	Switchboard	2194-6000
Latin America	Customer Technical Support (Austin, Texas, U.S.A.)	512 728-4093
	Customer Service (Austin, Texas, U.S.A.)	512 728-3619
	Fax (Technical Support and Customer Service) (Austin, Texas, U.S.A.)	512 728-3883
	Sales (Austin, Texas, U.S.A.)	512 728-4397
	SalesFax (Austin, Texas, U.S.A.)	512 728-4600
		or 512 728-3772
Luxembourg	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	Support	342 08 08 075
Country Code: 352	Home/Small Business Sales	+32 (0)2 713 15 96
	Corporate Sales	26 25 77 81
	Customer Care	+32 (0)2 481 91 19
	Fax	26 25 77 82
Macao	Technical Support	toll-free: 0800 105
Country Code: 853	Customer Service (Xiamen, China)	34 160 910
	Transaction Sales (Xiamen, China)	29 693 115

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Malaysia (Penang)	Website: support.ap.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00 Country Code: 60	Technical Support (Dell Precision, OptiPlex, and Latitude)	toll-free: 1 800 880 193
City Code: 4	Technical Support (Dimension, Inspiron, and Electronics and Accessories)	toll-free: 1 800 881 306
	Technical Support (PowerApp, PowerEdge, PowerConnect, and PowerVault)	toll-free: 1800 881 386
	Customer Care	toll-free: 1800 881 306 (option 6)
	Transaction Sales	toll-free: 1 800 888 202
	Corporate Sales	toll-free: 1 800 888 213
Mexico	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	Customer Technical Support	001-877-384-8979
Country Code: 52		or 001-877-269-3383
	Sales	50-81-8800
		or 01-800-888-3355
	Customer Service	001-877-384-8979
		or 001-877-269-3383
	Main	50-81-8800
		or 01-800-888-3355
Montserrat	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	toll-free: 1-866-278-6822
Netherlands Antilles	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	001-800-882-1519

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Netherlands (Amsterdam)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	Technical Support for XPS	020 674 45 94
Country Code: 31	Technical Support for all other Dell computers	020 674 45 00
City Code: 20	Technical Support Fax	020 674 47 66
	Home/Small Business Customer Care	020 674 42 00
	Relational Customer Care	020 674 4325
	Home/Small Business Sales	020 674 55 00
	Relational Sales	020 674 50 00
	Home/Small Business Sales Fax	020 674 47 75
	Relational Sales Fax	020 674 47 50
	Switchboard	020 674 50 00
	Switchboard Fax	020 674 47 50
New Zealand	Website: support.ap.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	E-mail: support.ap.dell.com/contactus	
Country Code: 64	General Support	0800 441 567
Nicaragua	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	001-800-220-1377
Norway (Lysaker)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	Technical Support for XPS	815 35 043
Country Code: 47	Technical Support for all other Dell products	671 16882
	Relational Customer Care	671 17575
	Home/Small Business Customer Care	23162298
	Switchboard	671 16800
	Fax Switchboard	671 16865
Panama	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	011-800-507-1264
Peru	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	0800-50-669

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Poland (Warsaw)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 011	E-mail: pl_support_tech@dell.com	
Country Code: 48	Customer Service Phone	57 95 700
City Code: 22	Customer Care	57 95 999
	Sales	57 95 999
	Customer Service Fax	57 95 806
	Reception Desk Fax	57 95 998
	Switchboard	57 95 999
Portugal	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	Technical Support	707200149
Country Code: 351	Customer Care	800 300 413
	Sales	800 300 410 or 800 300 411 or 800 300 412 or 21 422 07 10
	Fax	21 424 01 12
Puerto Rico	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	1-877-537-3355
St. Kitts and Nevis	Website: www.dell.com/kn	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	toll-free: 1-866-540-3355
St. Lucia	Website: www.dell.com/lc	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	1-800-882-1521
St. Vincent and the Grenadines	Website: www.dell.com/vc	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	toll-free: 1-877-441-4740
St. Vincent and the Grenaumes	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	toll-free: 1-877-441-47-

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Singapore (Singapore)	NOTE: The phone numbers in this section should be	
International Access Code: 005	called from within Singapore or Malaysia only.	
Country Code: 65	Website: support.ap.dell.com	
	Technical Support (Dimension, Inspiron, and Electronics and Accessories)	toll-free: 1 800 394 7430
	Technical Support (OptiPlex, Latitude, and Dell Precision)	toll-free: 1 800 394 7488
	Technical Support (PowerApp, PowerEdge, PowerConnect, and PowerVault)	toll-free: 1 800 394 7478
	Customer Care	toll-free: 1 800 394 7430 (option 6)
	Transaction Sales	toll-free: 1 800 394 7412
	Corporate Sales	toll-free: 1 800 394 7419
Slovakia (Prague)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	E-mail: czech_dell@dell.com	
Country Code: 421	Technical Support	02 5441 5727
	Customer Care	420 22537 2707
	Fax	02 5441 8328
	Tech Fax	02 5441 8328
	Switchboard (Sales)	02 5441 7585
South Africa (Johannesburg)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code:	E-mail: dell_za_support@dell.com	
09/091	Gold Queue	011 709 7713
Country Code: 27	Technical Support	011 709 7710
City Code: 11	Customer Care	011 709 7707
	Sales	011 709 7700
	Fax	011 706 0495
	Switchboard	011 709 7700
Southeast Asian and Pacific Countries	Technical Support, Customer Service, and Sales (Penang, Malaysia)	604 633 4810

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Spain (Madrid)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	Home and Small Business	
Country Code: 34	Technical Support	902 100 130
City Code: 91	Customer Care	902 118 540
	Sales	902 118 541
	Switchboard	902 118 541
	Fax	902 118 539
	Corporate	
	Technical Support	902 100 130
	Customer Care	902 115 236
	Switchboard	91 722 92 00
	Fax	91 722 95 83
Sweden (Upplands Vasby)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	Technical Support for XPS	0771 340 340
Country Code: 46	Technical Support for all other Dell products	08 590 05 199
City Code: 8	Relational Customer Care	08 590 05 642
	Home/Small Business Customer Care	08 587 70 527
	Employee Purchase Program (EPP) Support	020 140 14 44
	Technical Support Fax	08 590 05 594
	Sales	08 590 05 185
Switzerland (Geneva)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	E-mail: Tech_support_central_Europe@dell.com	
Country Code: 41	Technical Support for XPS	0848 33 88 57
City Code: 22	Technical Support (Home and Small Business) for all other Dell products	0844 811 411
	Technical Support (Corporate)	0844 822 844
	Customer Care (Home and Small Business)	0848 802 202
	Customer Care (Corporate)	0848 821 721
	Fax	022 799 01 90
	Switchboard	022 799 01 01

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
Taiwan	Website: support.ap.dell.com	
International Access Code: 002	E-mail: ap_support@dell.com	
Country Code: 886	Technical Support (OptiPlex, Latitude, Inspiron, Dimension, and Electronics and Accessories)	toll-free: 00801 86 1011
	Technical Support (PowerApp, PowerEdge, PowerConnect, and PowerVault)	toll-free: 00801 60 1256
	Customer Care	toll-free: 00801 60 1250 (option 5)
	Transaction Sales	toll-free: 00801 65 1228
	Corporate Sales	toll-free: 00801 651 227
Thailand	Website: support.ap.dell.com	
International Access Code: 001 Country Code: 66	Technical Support (OptiPlex, Latitude, and Dell Precision)	toll-free: 1800 0060 07
Godinity Code. 00	Technical Support (PowerApp, PowerEdge, PowerConnect, and PowerVault)	toll-free: 1800 0600 09
	Customer Care	toll-free: 1800 006 007 (option 7)
	Corporate Sales	toll-free: 1800 006 009
	Transaction Sales	toll-free: 1800 006 006
Trinidad/Tobago	Website: www.dell.com/tt	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	1-800-805-8035
Turks and Caicos Islands	Website: www.dell.com/tc	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	toll-free: 1-877-441-4735

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
U.K. (Bracknell)	Website: support.euro.dell.com	
International Access Code: 00	E-mail: dell_direct_support@dell.com	
Country Code: 44	Customer Care website: support.euro.dell.com/uk/en/ECare/form/home.asp	
City Code: 1344	Sales	
	Home and Small Business Sales	0870 907 4000
	Corporate/Public Sector Sales	01344 860 456
	Customer Care	
	Home and Small Business Customer Care	0870 906 0010
	Corporate Customer Care	01344 373 185
	Preferred Accounts (500–5000 employees)	0870 906 0010
	Global Accounts Customer Care	01344 373 186
	Central Government Customer Care	01344 373 193
	Local Government & Education Customer Care	01344 373 199
	Health Customer Care	01344 373 194
	Technical Support	
	Technical Support for XPS computers only	0870 366 4180
	Technical Support (Corporate/Preferred Accounts/PAD [1000+ employees])	0870 908 0500
	Technical Support for all other products	0870 353 0800
	General	
	Home and Small Business Fax	0870 907 4006
Uruguay	Website: www.dell.com/uy	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	toll-free: 000-413-598-2521

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
U.S.A. (Austin, Texas)	Automated Order-Status Service	toll-free: 1-800-433-9014
International Access Code: 011	AutoTech (portable and desktop computers)	toll-free: 1-800-247-9362
Country Code: 1	Hardware and Warranty Support (Dell TV, Printers, and Projectors) for Relationship customers	toll-free: 1-877-459-7298
	Americas Consumer XPS Support	toll-free: 1-800-232-8544
	Consumer (Home and Home Office) Support for all other Dell products	toll-free: 1-800-624-9896
	Customer Service	toll-free: 1-800-624-9897
	Employee Purchase Program (EPP) Customers	toll-free: 1-800-695-8133
	Financial Services website: www.dellfinancialservices.com	
	Financial Services (lease/loans)	toll-free: 1-877-577-3355
	Financial Services (Dell Preferred Accounts [DPA])	toll-free: 1-800-283-2210
	Business	
	Customer Service and Support	toll-free: 1-800-456-3355
	Employee Purchase Program (EPP) Customers	toll-free: 1-800-695-8133
	Support for printers, projectors, PDAs, and MP3 players	toll-free: 1-877-459-7298
	Public (government, education, and healthcare)	
	Customer Service and Support	toll-free: 1-800-456-3355
	Employee Purchase Program (EPP) Customers	toll-free: 1-800-695-8133
	Dell Sales	toll-free: 1-800-289-3355
		or toll-free: 1-800-879-3355
	Dell Outlet Store (Dell refurbished computers)	toll-free: 1-888-798-7561
	Software and Peripherals Sales	toll-free: 1-800-671-3355
	Spare Parts Sales	toll-free: 1-800-357-3355
	Extended Service and Warranty Sales	toll-free: 1-800-247-4618
	Fax	toll-free: 1-800-727-8320
	Dell Services for the Deaf, Hard-of-Hearing, or Speech-Impaired	toll-free: 1-877-DELLTTY (1-877-335-5889)

Country (City) International Access Code Country Code City Code	Department Name or Service Area, Website and E-Mail Address	Area Codes, Local Numbers, and Toll-Free Numbers
U.S. Virgin Islands	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	1-877-702-4288
Venezuela	Website: www.dell.com/ve	
	E-mail: la-techsupport@dell.com	
	General Support	0800-100-4752

## **Glossary**

This section defines or identifies technical terms, abbreviations, and acronyms used in your system documents.

A — Ampere(s).

**AC** — Alternating current.

**ACPI** — Advanced Configuration and Power Interface. A standard interface for enabling the operating system to direct configuration and power management.

**ambient temperature** — The temperature of the area or room where the system is located.

ANSI — American National Standards Institute. The primary organization for developing technology standards in the U.S.

**application** — Software designed to help you perform a specific task or series of tasks. Applications run from the operating system.

**ASCII** — American Standard Code for Information Interchange.

**asset tag** — An individual code assigned to a system, usually by an administrator, for security or tracking purposes.

backup — A copy of a program or data file. As a precaution, back up your system's hard drive on a regular basis. Before making a change to the configuration of your system, back up important start-up files from your operating system.

**backup battery** — A battery that maintains system configuration, date, and time information in a special section of memory when the system is turned off.

beep code — A diagnostic message in the form of a pattern of beeps from your system's speaker. For example, one beep, followed by a second beep, and then a burst of three beeps is beep code 1-1-3.

BIOS — Basic input/output system. Your system's BIOS contains programs stored on a flash memory chip. The BIOS controls the following:

- Communications between the processor and peripheral devices
- Miscellaneous functions, such as system messages

**bit** — The smallest unit of information interpreted by your system.

**blade** — A module that contains a processor, memory, and a hard drive. The modules are mounted into a chassis that includes power supplies and fans.

**BMC** — Baseboard management controller.

boot routine — A program that clears all memory, initializes devices, and loads the operating system when you start your system. Unless the operating system fails to respond, you can reboot (also called *warm boot*) your system by pressing <Ctrl><Alt><Del>. Otherwise, you must restart the system by pressing the reset button or by turning the system off and then back on.

**bootable diskette** — A diskette that is used to start your system if the system will not boot from the hard drive.

BTU — British thermal unit.

bus — An information pathway between the components of a system. Your system contains an expansion bus that allows the processor to communicate with controllers for the peripheral devices connected to the system. Your system also contains an address bus and a data bus for communications between the processor and RAM.

C — Celsius.

cache — A fast storage area that keeps a copy of data or instructions for quick data retrieval. When a program makes a request to a disk drive for data that is in the cache, the disk-cache utility can retrieve the data from RAM faster than from the disk drive.

CD — Compact disc. CD drives use optical technology to read data from CDs.

cm — Centimeter(s).

cmos — Complementary metal-oxide semiconductor.

component — As they relate to DMI, components include operating systems, computer systems, expansion cards, and peripherals that are compatible with DMI.
 Each component is made up of groups and attributes that are defined as relevant to that component.

COMn — The device names for the serial ports on your system.

**control panel** — The part of the system that contains indicators and controls, such as the power button and power indicator.

**controller** — A chip that controls the transfer of data between the processor and memory or between the processor and a peripheral.

**conventional memory** — The first 640 KB of RAM. Conventional memory is found in all systems. Unless they are specially designed, MS-DOS<sup>®</sup> programs are limited to running in conventional memory.

**coprocessor** — A chip that relieves the system's processor of specific processing tasks. A math coprocessor, for example, handles numeric processing.

CPU — Central processing unit. See processor.

DC — Direct current.

**DDR** — Double-data rate. A technology in memory modules that potentially doubles the output.

device driver — A program that allows the operating system or some other program to interface correctly with a peripheral. Some device drivers—such as network drivers—must be loaded from the config.sys file or as memory-resident programs (usually, from the autoexec.bat file). Others must load when you start the program for which they were designed.

**DHCP** — Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. A method of automatically assigning an IP address to a client system.

**diagnostics** — A comprehensive set of tests for your system.

**DIMM** — Dual in-line memory module. See also *memory* module.

**DIN** — Deutsche Industrie Norm.

directory — Directories help keep related files organized on a disk in a hierarchical, "inverted tree" structure. Each disk has a "root" directory. Additional directories that branch off the root directory are called *subdirectories*. Subdirectories may contain additional directories branching off them.

**DMA** — Direct memory access. A DMA channel allows certain types of data transfer between RAM and a device to bypass the processor.

**DMI** — Desktop Management Interface. DMI enables the management of your system's software and hardware by collecting information about the system's components, such as the operating system, memory, peripherals, expansion cards, and asset tag.

DNS — Domain Name System. A method of translating Internet domain names, such as www.dell.com, into IP addresses, such as 143.166.83.200.

**DRAM** — Dynamic random-access memory. A system's RAM is usually made up entirely of DRAM chips.

DVD — Digital versatile disc.

ECC — Error checking and correction.

**EEPROM** — Electronically erasable programmable readonly memory.

EMC — Electromagnetic compatibility.

**EMI** — Electromagnetic interference.

**ERA** — Embedded remote access. ERA allows you to perform remote, or "out-of-band," server management on your network server using a remote access controller.

ESD — Electrostatic discharge.

**ESM** — Embedded server management.

**expansion bus** — Your system contains an expansion bus that allows the processor to communicate with controllers for peripherals, such as NICs.

expansion card — An add-in card, such as a NIC or SCSI adapter, that plugs into an expansion-card connector on the system board. An expansion card adds some specialized function to the system by providing an interface between the expansion bus and a peripheral.

expansion-card connector — A connector on the system board or riser board for plugging in an expansion card.

F — Fahrenheit.

**FAT** — File allocation table. The file system structure used by MS-DOS to organize and keep track of file storage. The Microsoft Windows perating systems can optionally use a FAT file system structure.

flash memory — A type of EEPROM chip that can be reprogrammed from a utility on diskette while still installed in a system; most EEPROM chips can only be rewritten with special programming equipment.

format — To prepare a hard drive or diskette for storing files. An unconditional format deletes all data stored on the disk.

FSB — Front-side bus. The FSB is the data path and physical interface between the processor and the main memory (RAM).

ft — Feet.

**FTP** — File transfer protocol.

g — Gram(s).

G — Gravities.

**Gb** — Gigabit(s); 1024 megabits or 1,073,741,824 bits.

**GB** — Gigabyte(s); 1024 megabytes or 1,073,741,824 bytes. However, when referring to hard-drive capacity, the term is usually rounded to 1,000,000,000 bytes.

**graphics mode** — A video mode that can be defined as x horizontal by y vertical pixels by z colors.

group — As it relates to DMI, a group is a data structure that defines common information, or attributes, about a manageable component.

guarding — A type of data redundancy in which a set of physical drives stores data and an additional drive stores parity data. See also mirroring, striping, and RAID.

h — Hexadecimal. A base-16 numbering system, often used in programming to identify addresses in the system's RAM and I/O memory addresses for devices. In text, hexadecimal numbers are often followed by h.

headless system — A system or device that functions without having a keyboard, mouse, or monitor attached. Normally, headless systems are managed over a network using an Internet browser.

host adapter — A host adapter implements communication between the system's bus and the controller for a peripheral device. (Hard-drive controller subsystems include integrated host adapter circuitry.) To add a SCSI expansion bus to your system, you must install or connect the appropriate host adapter.

Hz — Hertz.

I/O — Input/output. A keyboard is an input device, and a monitor is an output device. In general, I/O activity can be differentiated from computational activity.

ID — Identification.

IDE — Integrated drive electronics. A standard interface between the system board and storage devices.

integrated mirroring — Provides simultaneous physical mirroring of two drives. Integrated mirroring functionality is provided by the system's hardware. See also *mirroring*.

internal processor cache — An instruction and data cache built into the processor.

**IP** — Internet Protocol.

**IPX** — Internet package exchange.

**IRQ** — Interrupt request. A signal that data is about to be sent to or received by a peripheral device travels by an IRO line to the processor. Each peripheral connection must be assigned an IRQ number. Two devices can share the same IRQ assignment, but you cannot operate both devices simultaneously.

jumper — Small blocks on a circuit board with two or more pins emerging from them. Plastic plugs containing a wire fit down over the pins. The wire connects the pins and creates a circuit, providing a simple and reversible method of changing the circuitry in a board.

K — Kilo-; 1000.

**Kb** — Kilobit(s); 1024 bits.

KB — Kilobyte(s); 1024 bytes.

Kbps — Kilobit(s) per second.

**KBps** — Kilobyte(s) per second.

key combination — A command requiring you to press multiple keys at the same time (for example, <Ctrl><Alt><Del>).

kg — Kilogram(s); 1000 grams.

kHz — Kilohertz.

KMM — Keyboard/monitor/mouse.

**KVM** — Keyboard/video/mouse. KVM refers to a switch that allows selection of the system from which the video is displayed and for which the keyboard and mouse are used.

LAN — Local area network. A LAN is usually confined to the same building or a few nearby buildings, with all equipment linked by wiring dedicated specifically to the LAN.

**lb** — Pound(s).

LCD — Liquid crystal display.

**LED** — Light-emitting diode. An electronic device that lights up when a current is passed through it.

Linux — A UNIX-like operating system that runs on a variety of hardware systems. Linux is open source software, which is freely available; however, the full distribution of Linux along with technical support and training are available for a fee from vendors such as Red Hat Software.

**local bus** — On a system with local-bus expansion capability, certain peripheral devices (such as the video adapter circuitry) can be designed to run much faster than they would with a traditional expansion bus. See also *bus*.

LVD — Low voltage differential.

m — Meter(s).

mA — Milliampere(s).

MAC address — Media Access Control address. Your system's unique hardware number on a network.

mAh — Milliampere-hour(s).

**Mb** — Megabit(s); 1,048,576 bits.

MB — Megabyte(s); 1,048,576 bytes. However, when referring to hard-drive capacity, the term is often rounded to mean 1,000,000 bytes.

Mbps — Megabits per second.

MBps — Megabytes per second.

MBR — Master boot record.

memory address — A specific location, usually expressed as a hexadecimal number, in the system's RAM.

memory module — A small circuit board containing DRAM chips that connects to the system board.

memory — An area in your system that stores basic system data. A system can contain several different forms of memory, such as integrated memory (ROM and RAM) and add-in memory modules (DIMMs).

MHz — Megahertz.

mirroring — A type of data redundancy in which a set of physical drives stores data and one or more sets of additional drives stores duplicate copies of the data. Mirroring functionality is provided by software. See also guarding, integrated mirroring, striping, and RAID.

mm — Millimeter(s).

ms — Millisecond(s).

 $\mathbf{MS\text{-}DOS}^{\circledR} \longrightarrow \mathbf{Microsoft\ Disk\ Operating\ System}.$ 

NAS — Network Attached Storage. NAS is one of the concepts used for implementing shared storage on a network. NAS systems have their own operating systems, integrated hardware, and software that are optimized to serve specific storage needs.

NIC — Network interface controller. A device that is installed or integrated in a system to allow connection to a network.

NMI — Nonmaskable interrupt. A device sends an NMI to signal the processor about hardware errors.

ns — Nanosecond(s).

NTFS — The NT File System option in the Windows 2000 operating system.

NVRAM — Nonvolatile random-access memory. Memory that does not lose its contents when you turn off your system. NVRAM is used for maintaining the date, time, and system configuration information.

parity — Redundant information that is associated with a block of data.

partition — You can divide a hard drive into multiple physical sections called partitions with the fdisk command. Each partition can contain multiple logical drives. You must format each logical drive with the format command.

PCI — Peripheral Component Interconnect. A standard for local-bus implementation.

PDU — Power distribution unit. A power source with multiple power outlets that provides electrical power to servers and storage systems in a rack.

**peripheral** — An internal or external device, such as a diskette drive or keyboard, connected to a system.

**PGA** — Pin grid array. A type of processor socket that allows you to remove the processor chip.

**pixel** — A single point on a video display. Pixels are arranged in rows and columns to create an image. A video resolution, such as 640 x 480, is expressed as the number of pixels across by the number of pixels up and down.

**POST** — Power-on self-test. Before the operating system loads when you turn on your system, the POST tests various system components such as RAM and hard drives.

**processor** — The primary computational chip inside the system that controls the interpretation and execution of arithmetic and logic functions. Software written for one processor must usually be revised to run on another processor. CPU is a synonym for processor.

**protected mode** — An operating mode that allows operating systems to implement:

- A memory address space of 16 MB to 4 GB
- Multitasking
- Virtual memory, a method for increasing addressable memory by using the hard drive

The Windows 2000 and UNIX 32-bit operating systems run in protected mode. MS-DOS cannot run in protected mode.

PS/2 — Personal System/2.

**PXE** — Preboot eXecution Environment. A way of booting a system via a LAN (without a hard drive or bootable diskette).

RAC — Remote access controller.

RAID — Redundant array of independent disks. A method of providing data redundancy. Some common implementations of RAID include RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, RAID 10, and RAID 50. See also guarding, mirroring, and striping.

**RAM** — Random-access memory. The system's primary temporary storage area for program instructions and data. Any information stored in RAM is lost when you turn off vour system.

RAS — Remote Access Service. This service allows users running the Windows operating system to remotely access a network from their system using a modem.

readme file — A text file, usually shipped with software or hardware, that contains information supplementing or updating the product's documentation.

read-only file — A read-only file is one that you are prohibited from editing or deleting.

**ROM** — Read-only memory. Your system contains some programs essential to its operation in ROM code. A ROM chip retains its contents even after you turn off your system. Examples of code in ROM include the program that initiates your system's boot routine and the POST.

ROMB — RAID on motherboard.

**rpm** — Revolutions per minute.

RTC — Real-time clock.

SAS — Serial-attached SCSI.

SATA — Serial Advanced Technology Attachment. A standard interface between the system board and storage devices.

**SCSI** — Small computer system interface. An I/O bus interface with faster data transmission rates than standard ports.

**SDRAM** — Synchronous dynamic random-access memory.

sec — Second(s).

serial port — An I/O port used most often to connect a modem to your system. You can usually identify a serial port on your system by its 9-pin connector.

service tag — A bar code label on the system used to identify it when you call Dell for technical support.

**simple disk volume** — The volume of free space on a single dynamic, physical disk.

**SMART** — Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology. Allows hard drives to report errors and failures to the system BIOS and then display an error message on the screen.

**SMP** — Symmetric multiprocessing. Used to describe a system that has two or more processors connected via a high-bandwidth link and managed by an operating system, where each processor has equal access to I/O devices.

**SNMP** — Simple Network Management Protocol. A standard interface that allows a network manager to remotely monitor and manage workstations.

**spanning** — Spanning, or concatenating, disk volumes combines unallocated space from multiple disks into one logical volume, allowing more efficient use of all the space and all drive letters on a multiple-disk system.

**striping** — Disk striping writes data across three or more disks in an array, but only uses a portion of the space on each disk. The amount of space used by a "stripe" is the same on each disk used. A virtual disk may use several stripes on the same set of disks in an array. See also *guarding*, *mirroring*, and *RAID*.

SVGA — Super video graphics array. VGA and SVGA are video standards for video adapters with greater resolution and color display capabilities than previous standards.

system board — As the main circuit board, the system board usually contains most of your system's integral components, such as the processor, RAM, controllers for peripherals, and various ROM chips.

system configuration information — Data stored in memory that tells a system what hardware is installed and how the system should be configured for operation.

system diskette — See bootable diskette.

system memory — See RAM.

System Setup program — A BIOS-based program that allows you to configure your system's hardware and customize the system's operation by setting features such as password protection. Because the System Setup program is stored in NVRAM, any settings remain in effect until you change them again.

system.ini file — A start-up file for the Windows operating system. When you start Windows, it consults the system.ini file to determine a variety of options for the Windows operating environment. Among other things, the system.ini file records which video, mouse, and keyboard drivers are installed for Windows.

TCP/IP — Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol.

termination — Some devices (such as the last device at each end of a SCSI cable) must be terminated to prevent reflections and spurious signals in the cable. When such devices are connected in a series, you may need to enable or disable the termination on these devices by changing jumper or switch settings on the devices or by changing settings in the configuration software for the devices.

TOE — TCP/IP offload engine. A technology to improve data-transfer performance over IP networks by allowing the operating system to offload all TCP/IP traffic to specialized hardware on the network adapter, while leaving TCP/IP control decisions to the host server.

UNIX — Universal Internet Exchange. UNIX, the precursor to Linux, is an operating system written in the C programming language.

uplink port — A port on a network hub or switch used to connect to other hubs or switches without requiring a crossover cable.

**UPS** — Uninterruptible power supply. A battery-powered unit that automatically supplies power to your system in the event of an electrical failure.

USB — Universal Serial Bus. A USB connector provides a single connection point for multiple USB-compliant devices, such as mice and keyboards. USB devices can be connected and disconnected while the system is running.

utility — A program used to manage system resources memory, disk drives, or printers, for example.

UTP — Unshielded twisted pair. A type of wiring used to connect systems in a business or home to a telephone line.  $V \longrightarrow Volt(s)$ .

VAC — Volt(s) alternating current.

VDC — Volt(s) direct current.

VGA — Video graphics array. VGA and SVGA are video standards for video adapters with greater resolution and color display capabilities than previous standards.

video adapter — The logical circuitry that provides (in combination with the monitor) your system's video capabilities. A video adapter may be integrated into the system board or may be an expansion card that plugs into an expansion slot.

video driver — A program that allows graphics-mode application programs and operating systems to display at a chosen resolution with the desired number of colors. Video drivers may need to match the video adapter installed in the system.

video memory — Most VGA and SVGA video adapters include memory chips in addition to your system's RAM. The amount of video memory installed primarily influences the number of colors that a program can display (with the appropriate video drivers and monitor capabilities).

video resolution — Video resolution (800 x 600, for example) is expressed as the number of pixels across by the number of pixels up and down. To display a program at a specific graphics resolution, you must install the appropriate video drivers and your monitor must support the resolution.

 $\mathbf{W}$  — Watt(s).

WH — Watt-hour(s).

win.ini file — A start-up file for the Windows operating system. When you start Windows, it consults the win.ini file to determine a variety of options for the Windows operating environment. The win.ini file also usually includes sections that contain optional settings for Windows application programs that are installed on the hard drive.

Windows 2000 — An integrated and complete Microsoft Windows operating system that does not require MS-DOS and that provides advanced operating system performance, improved ease of use, enhanced workgroup functionality, and simplified file management and browsing.

Windows Powered — A Windows operating system designed for use on NAS systems. For NAS systems, the Windows Powered operating system is dedicated to file service for network clients.

Windows Server 2003 — A set of Microsoft software technologies that enable software integration through the use of XML Web services. XML Web services are small reusable applications written in XML that allow data to be communicated between otherwise unconnected sources.

XML — Extensible Markup Language. XML is a way to create common information formats and to share both the format and the data on the World Wide Web, intranets, and elsewhere.

**ZIF** — Zero insertion force.

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